

2013 ANNUAL REPORT

CORPORATE INFORMATION

ABN 58 149 390 394

Directors

Ron Punch (Executive Chairman) Brenton Siggs (Non-Executive Director) Christopher Clegg (Non-Executive Director)

Company Secretary

John Ribbons

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Registered Office

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Solicitors

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Share Register

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Auditors

Bentleys Audit & Corporate (WA) Pty Ltd Level 1, 12 Kings Park Road West Perth WA 6005

Internet Address www.goldphyreresources.com.au

Stock Exchange Listing

Goldphyre Resources Limited shares are listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX code GPH).



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CHAIRMAN'S LETTER TO SHAREHOLDERS ANNUAL REPORT 2013

Dear Shareholder

On behalf of the Board, I am pleased to present Goldphyre Resources Limited's (Goldphyre, the Company) Annual Report for the period ending 30 June 2013.

Goldphyre remains focused on discovering major gold and base metal deposits in overlooked and underexplored greenstone belts in the Eastern Goldfields of Western Australia. The Company has been very active with its ongoing exploration programme over the last 12 months and has achieved encouraging preliminary results, especially at the Company's Lake Wells project area.

In particular, significant gold drill results at the Axford gold discovery returned quartz-sulphide zones including 1 metre @ 19.73 g/t Au (within a broader mineralised zone of 6 metres @ 3.46 g/t Au). The gold mineralisation at the Axford Prospect is interpreted to be hosted by strongly altered granitic porphyry rocks, which are favourable host rocktypes reported at several large gold deposits (e.g. Kanowna Belle gold mine, Wallaby gold mine) in the Eastern Goldfields of Western Australia.

Further exploration success has been reported from anomalous base metal drill intercepts from the Venus Prospect at the Mailman Hill Project with an encouraging intercept of 1 metre @ 0.51% Zinc, 182 ppm Copper and 3.87 % Manganese in a broader 5 metre wide anomalous zone. More specific details of the Company's activities are set out in the Projects and Exploration Activities Section of this Report.

Several high priority gold targets are ready for drill testing in the central and eastern areas of the Lake Wells Project.

While additional and interesting well located, gold-base metal exploration projects were acquired during the year at minimal cost to the Company, Goldphyre's main focus remains on exploring the Lake Wells project area.

The past 12 months has been a challenging period for many junior exploration companies, however, following the Company's recent capital raising, we are pleased Goldphyre has sufficient funding in place to adequately test encouraging exploration prospects, including the Axford Prospect at the Lake Wells Project. The Board will continue to be diligent in prudently managing the Company's exploration and expenditure within the framework of prevailing economic circumstances and will maintain its focus on those targets offering maximum upside potential to all shareholders.

We thank you again for your continuing support and Goldphyre looks forward to greater exploration success throughout the Eastern Goldfields of Western Australia in the coming 12 months.

Yours Sincerely

Rhune

Ron Punch Executive Chairman Goldphyre Resources Limited

Lake Wells Station Road

HIGHLIGHTS

LAKE WELLS

AXFORD PROSPECT DISCOVERY - First pass AC-RC drilling and subsequent followup drilling succeeds in recording multiple anomalous to high-grade gold intercepts at the new Axford Prospect; believed to be the first high grade sulphide gold intercepts in the Ulrich Range Greenstone Belt. The better results include:

6m @ 3.46 g/t Au (LGRC011) Including 1m @ 19.73 g/t Au 10m @ 1.55 g/t Au (LGRC015) Including 1m @ 10.63 g/t Au 48m @ 0.51 g/t Au (LGRC020) Including 1m @ 12.32 g/t Au

Reconnaissance RAB-AC drilling reveals elevated/low level gold-PGE anomalies at Lake Wells EAST Area

MAILMAN HILL

Resampling of first pass RC drilling completed in the 2012 annual reporting period returned encouraging zinc-copper-manganese anomalism:

5m @ 0.26 % Zn, 168 ppm Cu and 1.14% Mn (MHRC015) including 1m @ 0.51% Zn

LAVERTON DOWNS

- > Shallow historic drill-hole gold anomalies up to 0.9 g/t gold open along strike and at depth are drill ready
- > Encouraging anomalous/elevated zinc-copper geochemistry targets generated

GAMBIER LASS

> Shallow, historic gold and basemetal anomalous drilling requires followup RAB drilling

KILKENNY

Historic old workings with rockchip sampling in the reporting period recording assays of 32.4 g/t Au and 2.57 g/t Au

Historic and recently Goldphyre generated prospects, targets and anomalies at Lake Wells, Gambier Lass and Laverton Downs are proposed to be further RC and AC drill tested in 2013-2014

PROJECTS AND EXPLORATION ACTIVITIES

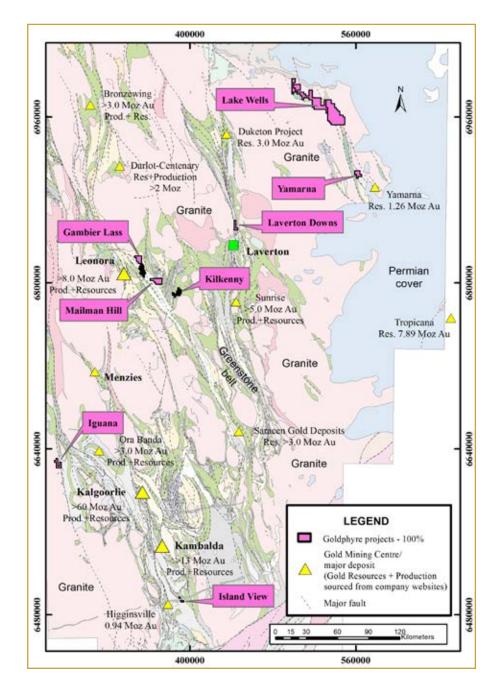
OVERVIEW

The Company has increased its ground holding in the Eastern Goldfields and now holds 100% of thirty two granted tenements and twenty seven tenement applications which form eight exploration projects (at 30/06/2013). The majority of these projects are located in the Laverton/Leonora region and Higginsville region of Western Australia. The Company's primary exploration focus has been to systematically evaluate the projects for gold, along with other commodities including copper, zinc, nickel and platinum group elements (PGEs).

The projects were acquired by the Company based on quality geology location and limited but encouraging historic exploration results. The work completed in the report period has met with success in recording high-grade gold intercepts at the Axford Prospect and the advance of regional targets at the Company's primary project, Lake Wells.

All the project areas, including the recent exciting tenement packages at Gambier Lass and Kilkenny, have been inadequately or not systematically explored in the previous decades and the Company believes recent geological and geophysical interpretation in conjunction with new targeting techniques and more effective geochemistry/drilling methods should significantly increase the potential for successful exploration campaigns.

A summary of each of the Company's projects is set out below.



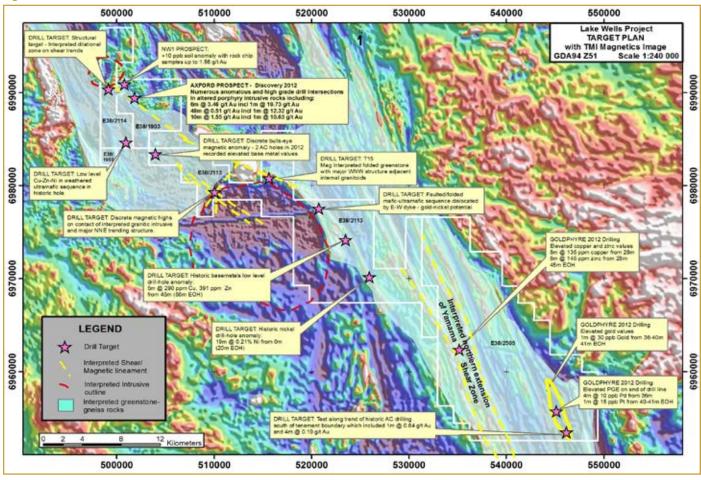
LAKE WELLS PROJECT - 100% Goldphyre Resources Limited

The Lake Wells Project ('Lake Wells') is located 160 km north north east of Laverton in the Eastern Goldfields and covers approximately 470 km² (Figure 1). Lake Wells forms the most extensive of the Company's exploration properties and consists of a large, contiguous tenement package securing a significant area of deformed greenstone-granitoid rocks in the northeast part of the Yilgarn Craton, Western Australia.

The Lake Wells Project exhibits complex structural settings and a range of lithology types, historic shallow gold and base metal drill-hole anomalies and a paucity of effective, historic exploration. These were key factors in the Company's original acquisition of this significant ground holding which is considered prospective for gold, nickel, platinum group elements, base metals and uranium.

Regional neighbors with exploration and/or mining success include Regis Resources Ltd to the southwest and Gold Road Resources Ltd to the south.

Figure 1. Lake Wells TARGETS Plan



Exploration work completed by the Company in the reporting period included reconnaissance soil and rockchip geochemistry and reconnaissance and second pass AC/RC drilling (107 holes, 6933m).

This work was successful in discovering the Axford Prospect and recording numerous drill-hole gold anomalies and several outstanding high-grade sulphide gold intercepts (Figure 1-2, Table 1-2),

Appendix 1-2). Anomalous and low level gold, PGE (platinum group elements), zinc and copper values also require further followup work in the central and eastern parts of Lake Wells (Figure 1).

Following the success of the first phase of 12 RC holes at the Axford Prospect, a further program of 13 holes was completed. Significant and anomalous gold results were recorded in granitic porphyry and diorite rocktypes near a northwesterly trending basalt contact. The granitic porphyry and diorite show strong quartz-mica-pyrite-chlorite alteration and results confirm a robust gold-in-hole anomalous zone on the western part of Axford.

It is believed the Axford Prospect is the first gold prospect in the Ulrich Range Greenstone Belt displaying high (+10 g/t) RC gold grades. The Axford Prospect is open to the northwest, to the northeast across a small saltpan and sulphide gold mineralised zones are interpreted to be open at depth.

PROJECTS AND EXPLORATION ACTIVITIES Cont.

Hole_ID	Drill_Type	Prospect	Holes	Metres
LGRC001-025	RC	Axford	25	2826
LGAC056-137	AC	Axford, Lake Wells Regional	82	4107
		TOTAL	107	6933

Table 1. Lake Wells - RC and AC Hole Summary

The combination of RC and AC programs (Table 2-3) on Axford West have generated an interpreted north trending, dislocated +800m long +50 ppb gold drill-hole anomaly displaying numerous anomalous and low grade gold intercepts reinforced with sulphide-quartz rich high-grade gold intercepts (Figure 2-3). The part of this drill-hole gold anomaly to the north of the recent RC drilling still has widespread drill coverage (200m x 80m) and is open to the west, as well as open to the north of LGAC120.

Air core drilling was also successful in generating a new drill-hole gold anomaly on Axford East (LGAC131, 3m @ 0.92 g/t Au). Much of the current drill coverage over Axford is still of a broad pattern and followup RC/Diamond exploration is required to evaluate the strike extent and downdip potential of the interpreted high-grade shoot nature of the Axford West mineralisation. Additional scout AC drilling with a salt-lake accessible drill rig is planned.

Table 2. Lake Wells - Axford Prospect – Significant RC/AC Intercepts (Full list – Appendix 2)

Hole	Hole Type	Northing(m)	Easting(m)	Dip	Azimuth	Inter	val	Width(m)	Gold (g/t)	Hole Depth (m
						From (m)	To(m)			
LGRC003	RC	6989449	501970	-60	270	41	42	1	4.51	108
LGRC011	RC	6989111	501597	-60	270	94	100	6	3.46	100
					incl.	96	97	1	1.72	
					incl.	99	100	1*	19.73	
LGRC013	RC	6989115	501578	-60	270	18	19	1	1.26	114
						69	72	3	1.16	
						92	96	4	2.03	
LGRC014	RC	6989115	501617	-60	270	53	55	2	0.60	168
LGRC015	RC	6989121	501492	-60	90	108	124	16	1.08	168
					incl.	117	118	1	1.31	
					incl.	121	122	1	10.63	
						147	148	1	1.71	
_GRC017	RC	6989075	501575	-60	270	68	72	4	2.26*	144
						78	79	1	2.77	
						88	89	1	1.11	
						131	135	4	1.01	
					incl.	131	132	1	3.14	
LGRC020	RC	6989155	501477	-65	90	116	120	4	3.90	168
					incl.	118	119	1	12.32	
						128	129	1	1.81	
						141	142	1	1.17	
LGRC021	RC	6989152	501607	-60	270	108	115	7	1.19	150
					incl.	109	111	2	2.01	
					incl.	113	114	1	2.40	
LGRC023	RC	6989299	501560	-60	90	25	27	2	1.56	100
					incl.	25	26	1	2.80	
LGRC024	RC	6989302	501519	-60	90	62	63	1	1.37	114
LGRC025	RC	6989304	501480	-60	90	21	29	8	1.08	120
					incl.	21	23	2	1.72	
					incl.	26	27	1	3.55	
						42	44	2	2.25	

Datum: GDA94 Zone 51 Co-ordinate system with collar pickup by hand-held GPS Garmin 60, Hole Inclination by clinometer and azimuth by compass.

Note 1: 1m split sample except where denoted * for previously released nominal 4m composite sample

The average value was used in the case of additional 1m repeat assays and/or 1m sample duplicate assays received from the assay laboratory.

Note 2: 1m RC split intercepts calculated with 0.20 g/t Au lower cut, no upper cut and maximum 2m internal dilution. 1m RC split samples were collected by rig-mounted rotary splitter directly off rig at time of drilling and nominal 4m RC composite samples were collected by PVC spear or scoop. Samples delivered to Bureau Veritas Kalassay Lab, Kalgoorlie for 40g Fire Assay Digest with ICPMS Finish (FA40_ICPMS). Selective 20g Fire Assay Digest (FA20_ICPMS) and 1kg BLEG assaying completed as alternative assay technique QA/QC checks on 1m samples

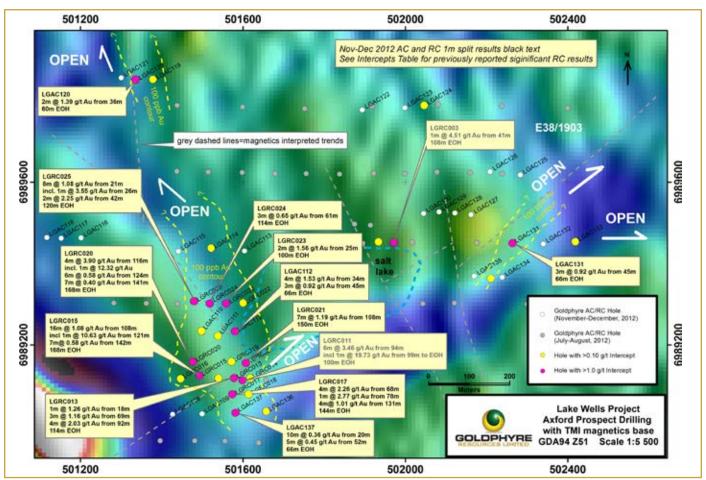


Figure 2. Lake Wells WEST Area (E38/1903) Drill Collar Plan

Table 3. Lake Wells - Axford AC Drill-Hole Results (Full list – Appendix 2)

Hole	Hole Type	Northing(m)	Easting(m)	Dip	Azimuth	Inte	rval	Width(m)	Gold (g/t)	Hole Depth (m)
LGAC074	AC	6989307	501602	90	0	27	30	3	0.45	32
					incl.	29	30	1	1.10	
LGAC111	AC	6989220	501540	60	270	48	52	4	0.64	66
					incl.	49	50	1	2.01	
LGAC112	AC	6989230	501580	60	270	34	38	4	1.53	66
					incl.	34	35	1	2.97	
					incl.	36	37	1	2.54	
						45	48	3	0.92	
					incl.	45	46	1	1.50	
LGAC120	AC	6989849	501377	90	0	36	38	2	1.39	60
					incl.	36	37	1	2.54	
LGAC131	AC	6989448	502263	90	0	45	48	3	0.92	66
					incl.	45	46	1	1.50	
LGAC137	AC	6989033	501581	60	270	20	30	10	0.36	66
					incl.	25	26	1	1.61	
						52	57	5	0.45	
					incl.	55	56	1	1.70	

Datum: GDA94 Zone 51 Co-ordinate system with collar pickup by hand-held GPS Garmin 60, Hole Inclination by clinometer and azimuth by compass.v

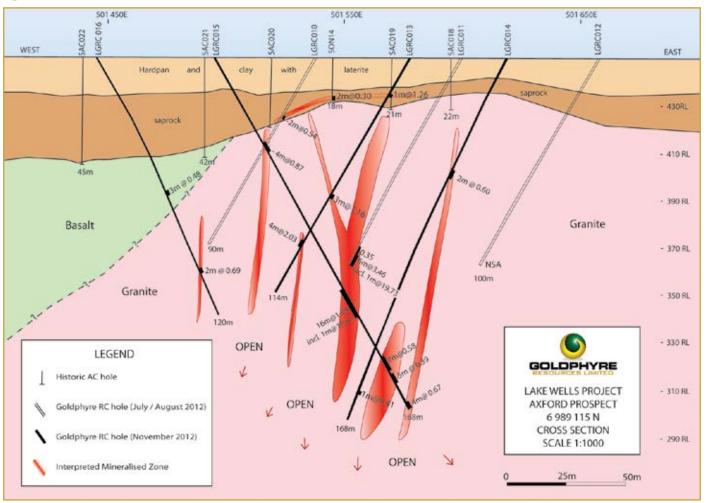
Note 1: 1m split sample except where denoted * for previously released nominal 4m composite sample

The average value was used in the case of additional 1m repeat assays and/or 1m sample duplicate assays received from the assay laboratory.

Note 2: 1m AC split intercepts calculated with 0.20 g/t Au lower cut, no upper cut and maximum 2m internal dilution. Nominal 4m AC composite samples and 1m AC split samples were collected by PVC spear or scoop. Samples delivered to Bureau Veritas Kalassay Lab, Kalgoorlie for 40g Fire Assay Digest with ICPMS Finish (FA40_ICPMS). Selective 20g Fire Assay Digest (FA20_ICPMS) and 1kg BLEG assaying completed as alternative assay technique QA/QC checks on 1m samples within acceptable limits of FA40_ICPMS assaying (Detection Limit – 1ppb Au)

PROJECTS AND EXPLORATION ACTIVITIES Cont.

Figure 3. Axford West Area 6989115N Cross section



Reconnaissance geochemistry sampling (16 rockchips, 37 soil samples, Figure 4) was completed in the north west part of the Lake Wells Project. Soil geochemistry consisted of two east-west lines with sample spacing of 200 metres on the northern edge of the Lake Wells playa lake system. Rockchips were collected at areas of prospective subcrop or outcrop.

The highest soil sample recorded was 16 ppb gold (with a background range of 0-3 ppb Au) which is considered anomalous in this area of sand/clay soil regolith type. Encouraging gold values up to **1.56 g/t Au** from rockchip samples of surface quartz veining with minor weathered pyrite grains were also recorded (Appendix 3).

Aeromagnetics interpretation suggests the gold anomalous soil and rock-chip samples occur near the southeast contact of an internal granitoid and trend southeast, in the general direction of the Axford Prospect.

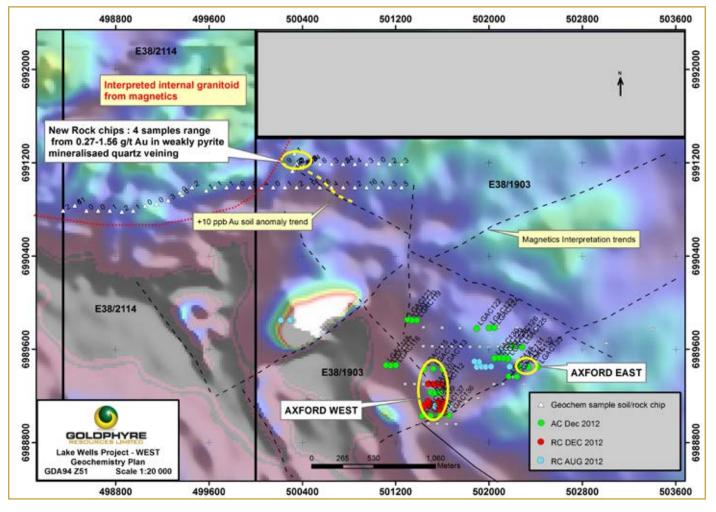
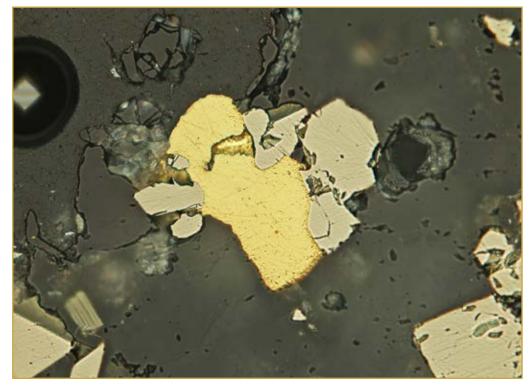


Figure 4. Lake Wells WEST Area – Reconnaissance Geochemistry Plan (Soil values in ppb Au)



Lake Wells, AXFORD PROSPECT, Photomicrograph with free gold (yellow) from RC drill chip collected from LGRC011, 99-100m EOH (gold grain approx. 0.2 mm long)

PROJECTS AND EXPLORATION ACTIVITIES Cont.



Lake Wells, EAST Area, Everlastings, June 2013

MAILMAN HILL - 100% Goldphyre Resources Limited

The Mailman Hill Project ('Mailman Hill') covers approximately 50 km² and consists of granted tenements E37/990 and P37/7877 (Figure 5, 6). Mailman Hill is located 25 km east of Leonora and includes a significant section of the Keith Kilkenny Fault Zone and a structurally complex mafic-felsic-sedimentary package considered highly prospective for gold and base metals. The eastern portion of Mailman Hill is occupied by volcanoclastic rocks which are favourable hosts for base metals.

The Company received assay results of one metre split samples from the 2012 Reverse Circulation (RC) drilling at the basemetal prospective Venus Prospect in the reporting period. Composite basemetal results from three RC holes (MHRC015-017) were announced in August, 2012¹. One of these RC holes, MHRC015 (total depth 86m), recorded an elevated composite zinc-copper intercept of 8m @ 0.24% zinc and 164 ppm copper.

The one metre split results from the anomalous basemetal interval in MHRC015 were very encouraging with a reported 1m interval from 64m-65m assaying **0.51% zinc**, 182 ppm copper and **3.87% manganese** within a broader 5m wide zone consisting of 0.26% zinc, 168 ppm copper and 1.14% manganese from 61m-66m in MHRC015 (Table 4, Figure 6). This interval is interpreted as a weathered iron-manganese oxide rich gossanous-like zone. Logging revealed the host rocks of this anomalous zinc-manganese-copper zone to be fine-grained felsic and sedimentary types which are recognised as favourable host rocks for Volcanic Hosted Massive Sulphide (VHMS) basemetal mineralisation.

A historic Aircore (AC) drill hole² (DMA31), located 90 metres to the south of MHRC015, recorded a 4m composite interval at a downhole depth of 4m assaying 0.21% zinc and 660 ppm copper. Based on the very limited drilling to date, this may suggest the historic basemetal anomaly in DMA31 could represent the near surface expression of a possible basemetal mineralised zone further to the west of current RC drilling.

Table 4 . Venus One metre Results Table.

Hole	Northing(m)	Easting(m)	Dip	Azimuth	Inter	val	Width(m)	Zinc (%)	Cu (ppm)	Ni(ppm)	Manganese (%)	Lead (ppm)	Gold (ppb)
					From (m)	To(m)							
MHRC015	6803168	368826	-60	270	61	66	5	0.26	168	242	1.14	4	2
				incl.	64	65	1	0.51	182	472	3.87	8	1

Datum: GDA94 Co-ordinate system with collar pickup by hand-held GPS Garmin 60, Hole Inclination by clinometer, hole azimuth by compass. Note: All split samples (1m intervals) were collected by rotary splitter directly off drill rig at time of drilling. Samples delivered to Bureau Veritas Kalassay Lab, Kalgoorlie for 40g Aqua Regia Assay Digest for gold (AR40 ICPMS) and AD02_ICPMS (multilement suite). (Detection Limit – Cu : 1ppm, Zn : 1 ppm, Ni: 1 ppm, Pb: 1ppm, Au: 1ppb)

1 Goldphyre Resources Limited ASX Release dated 1/8/2012

2 WAMEX report a445148, Goldstream Mining NL, Exploration Licence 37/264 Dingo Well Annual Report dated June 1995, page 22.

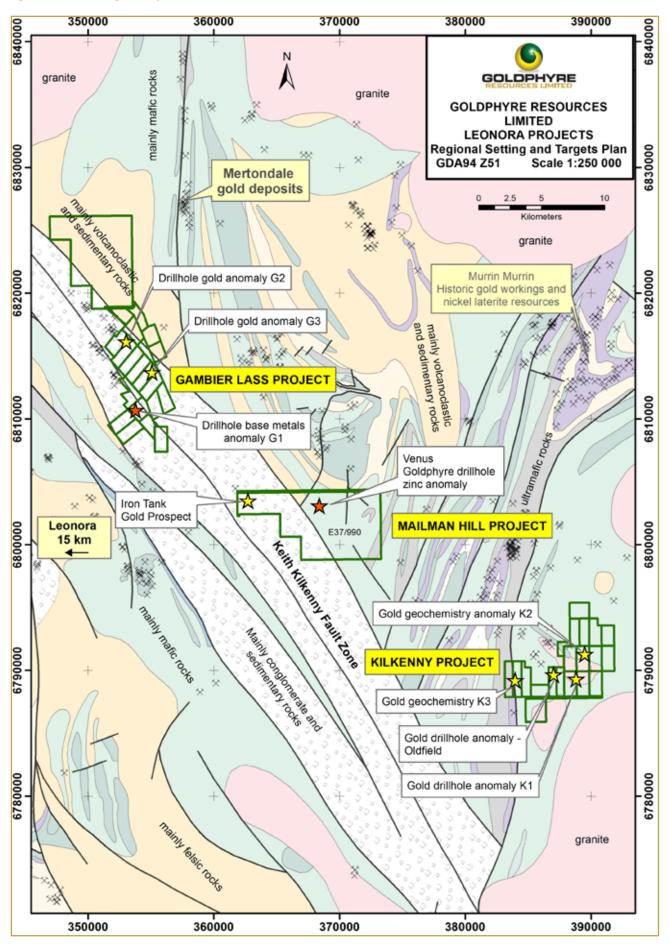


Figure 5. Leonora Region Projects Plan

PROJECTS AND EXPLORATION ACTIVITIES Cont.

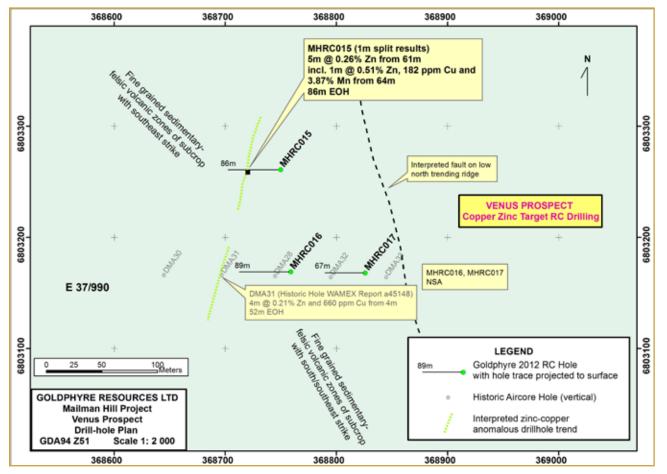


Figure 6. Mailman Hill - Venus Prospect Drillhole Plan

GAMBIER LASS PROJECT - 100% Goldphyre Resources Limited

The Gambier Lass Project covers approximately 66 km² and is located 15 kilometres northeast of Leonora. The project area captures considerable strike length and width of Archaean rocks prospective for both gold and base metals (Figure 5). Historic gold mines are located adjacent to the Gambier Lass Project and the stratigraphy mapped by the GSWA is considered similar to the Teutonic Bore, Jaguar and Bentley base-metal deposits located to the north of the project.

Fieldwork in the reporting period focused on investigating historic gold and basemetal drill-hole targets and reconnaissance soil geochemistry. An historic exploration report³ included Rotary Air Blast (RAB) drill assay results and one composite sample returned high copper and zinc values at a location designated Target G1.

Soil samples returned elevated values with the maximum copper sample (GLSS001 – 62 ppm Cu) and an elevated gold sample of 13 ppb (GLSS003) (Goldphyre ASX JUNE 2013 Quarterly Report dated 19th July 2013).

KILKENNY PROJECT - 100% Goldphyre Resources Limited

Fieldwork at Kilkenny, located 50 kilometres southeast of Leonora, consisted of historic workings investigation and field checking previous explorers soil and drillhole gold anomalism. Samples of remnant drill spoil were also collected where available.

Results of preliminary reconnaissance rockchip sampling at the Kilkenny Project returned a maximum gold result of **32.4** g/t Au among ten samples collected (Figure 7, Appendix 3).

The high grade gold result of **32.4** g/t Au and another assay of **2.57** g/t Au were recorded from samples of quartz veining adjacent to an 80 metre line of old shafts and small pits near Oldfield Well.

An historic exploration report (Minefields Consolidated, 1986⁴) indicates that grab sampling returned assays up to 20 g/t Au in a similar location as the Goldphyre samples. Minefields Consolidated also completed limited shallow (<60 metres deep) percussion drilling beneath the old workings with a maximum gold value of 20.5 g/t Au.

The lack of grid references in the historic report compound the difficulty of accurately locating historic percussion drill holes on the ground. However, the limited historic drilling suggests the presence of a thin zone (possibly several metres width) of high-grade gold mineralisation with a possible shallow plunge component.

A historic +150 ppb soil spot value⁵ requires further geochemistry investigation to determine the validity of the high gold-in-soil value.

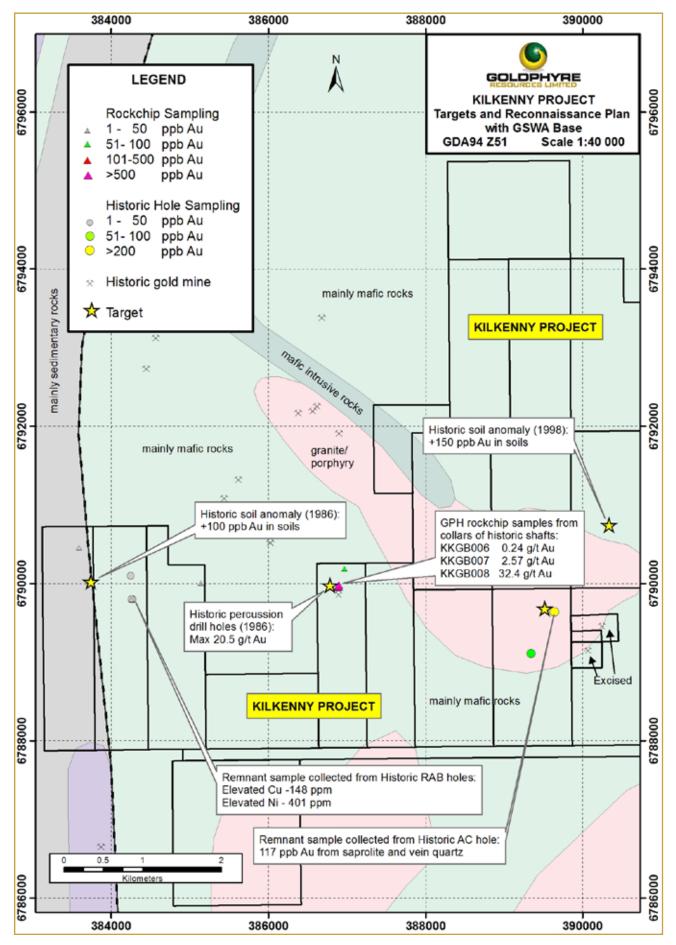


Kilkenny Project, Oldfield historic gold workings

4 A18666. Exploration Report on and Review of Prospecting Licence Areas P39/671 Oldfield Well Prospect and P39/670 Kilkenny Creek Prospect. Minefields Consolidated. 1986. 5 A57289. Howland, JP, 1998. Mount Kersey Mining NL C373/1994 Murrin Murrin project. Joint Annual Report for the period 13th September 1997 to 12th September 1998.

PROJECTS AND EXPLORATION ACTIVITIES Cont.

Figure 7. Kilkenny Field Reconnaissance and Targets Plan



LAVERTON DOWNS PROJECT - 100% Goldphyre Resources Limited

Field reconnaissance and rockchip/historic hole resampling (Figure 8, Appendix 3) was completed at the Laverton Downs Project (E38/2724). This preliminary work was focussed on ground checking historic drill hole gold anomalies and investigating mapped gossan outcrops.

Only slightly elevated gold values were recorded but high arsenic (a pathfinder element) and several elevated base metal values (LDGB011 – 0.12% Lead, 245 ppm Copper, 384 ppm Arsenic) coupled with persistent +10 ppb historic gold-in-soil anomalies and historic RAB drillhole gold anomalies (up to 0.9 g/t gold⁶) are considered very positive.

A previous explorer (Delta Gold⁷) completed several short lines of Air Core (AC) drilling over some parts of the tenement which returned shallow gold anomalism with a maximum gold intercept of 4m @ 0.48 g/t gold from 16m (LDR66). This thirteen year old intercept is located on a drill line with three consecutive drillholes (approximately 30 metres apart) which returned +200 ppb gold intercepts. This historic line of drilling has not been investigated further and is open to the north, south and downdip (Figure 8).

The elevated basemetal values and gossanous zones associated with felsic volcanic and ultramafic rocks confirm basemetal exploration potential, particularly copper, zinc and lead.

Historic drilling has recorded strong gold anomalism but is unsystematic and only partially effective and well directed Goldphyre drill followup of these historic targets is a priority.





Laverton Downs Project. Soil sampling (L) and sampling old costean with gossanous material (R)

- 6 A20641. Annual Technical Report. Laverton Downs Project. Exploration Licences 38/5,38/37, Prospecting Licences 38/457, 38/458, Mineral Claim 38/7984 for the period 1/1/86-31/12/86. Hillmin Gold Mines Pty Ltd. 1986
- 7 A61250. Day, JC, 2000. Annual Technical Report. Laverton Downs (26/07/99-25/07/00). DOME Reference: M8961. Delta Report No. WA00 065. E38/506.

granite

442000

440000

PROJECTS AND EXPLORATION ACTIVITIES Cont.

Figure 8. Laverton Downs Project - Reconnaissance Geochemistry and Targets Plan 440000 442000 444000 446000 LAVERTON DOWNS PROJECT mainly LEGEND Targets and Geochemistry Plan sedimentary Historic Hole sampling with GSWA Base rocks GDA94 Z51 Scale 1:40 000 A Rockchip/soil sample 6860000 Historic Explorers , sedimentary rocks Max Gold in Hole results ppb Au 1 - 50 51- 100 ppb Au Historic +10 ppb Au soil anomaly 101-250 ppb Au >250 ppb Au Nunem Target 55 6858000 Historic soil anomaly Max gold in historic RAB drilling (2000): granite LDR55 - 250 ppb Au ultramafic rocks conglomerate granite Historic +10 ppb Au soil anomaly LDGB032 - 0.29 g/t silver 6856000 +mainly felsic Structural taget volcanic on shear flexure rocks granite LDGB011 (prev. reported) E38/2724 36 ppb Au 6854000 384 ppm As Max gold in historic RAB drilling (2000): LDR62 - 390 ppb Au LDR65 - 288 ppb Au 245 ppm Cu 483 ppm Zn 0.12% Pb LDR66 - 480 ppb Au LDR67 - 340 ppb Au mainly Historic RAB holes (1986): mafic Max 0.90 g/t Au rocks ঠ 0 April 2013 fieldwork: E-W soil sampling line 6852000 mainly with 10 ppb Au point anomaly on interpreted 6 felsic Lancefield mine sequence extension volcanic

rocks

444000

LDSS014 - 123 ppm arsenic on major north trending fault

446000

6860000

6858000

6856000

6854000

6852000

6850000

ISLAND VIEW PROJECT - 100% Goldphyre Resources Limited

The Island View project ('Island View') is located approximately 90 km south of Kalgoorlie and 25 km southeast of Widgiemooltha. The two tenements cover a total area of 5.6 km² and the region is regarded as a well-endowed mineralised gold-nickel province. The project area is relatively underexplored and is thought to possess both sulphide gold and palaeochannel gold (beneath on land and lake sediment cover) potential.

Island View is close to several significant gold deposits of distinctly different styles. The Higginsville gold mine (Resource: 1.26 Moz⁸ gold in mainly hard rock vein hosted high-grade gold shoots) is located approximately 12 km to the west of Island View. A series of historic palaeochannel gold deposits (Louis-Brigette-Sophia mines) hosted mainly by shallow clay and sand horizons, lie approximately 2 km to the east of E15/1050.

Recently purchased orthoimagery and aeromagnetics data has assisted in drill targeting potential palaeochannel gold mineralisation on, and near, the shoreline of Lake Cowan. Substantial palaeochannel gold mineralisation⁹ has been previously mined with success on the adjacent Alacer Gold tenure.

YAMARNA PROJECT - 100% Goldphyre Resources Limited

The Yamarna Project ('Yamarna') is located 140 km north east of Laverton and consists of a granted Exploration Licence with an area of 30 km². The project is located to the north of the large tonnage, low grade Attila-Alaric gold deposit and the high-grade Central Bore gold deposit. The tenement is covered by sand and calcrete and is considered prospective for gold, uranium and PGE.

Historic AC drilling has been completed over the central and western parts of the tenement although the effectiveness of this drilling in terms of penetration through transported material and oxidised saprolitic material is questionable.

Evaluation work and historic data compilation continued in the reporting period.

The company has also been engaged in continuing negotiations with the Yilka claimant group for the purposes of meeting heritage clearance obligations for exploration access to the project area.

OTHER ACTIVITIES

In addition to these exploration activities, the Company has also reviewed a number of gold and base metal project opportunities located in Western Australia. The Company also remains alert to any new project opportunities that may arise.

⁸ Alacer Gold Website : www.alacergold.com/en/operations/higginsville

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Your directors submit their report for the year ended 30 June 2013.

DIRECTORS

The names and details of the Company's directors in office during the year and until the date of this report are as follows. Directors were in office for this entire period unless otherwise stated.

Names, qualifications, experience and special responsibilities

Ron Punch, (Executive Chairman, member of the Audit Committee)

Mr Punch has had considerable banking, financial markets, stock broking and corporate experience. He started his career with Westpac (formerly Bank of New South Wales) and then the Reserve Bank of Australia. Mr Punch joined Patersons Stockbrokers in 1969 and was involved in portfolio management, underwriting, corporate and general advising and broking roles. He is also a former Chairman of the Perth Stock Exchange and its Listing Committee.

Mr Punch has served as chair and non-executive director on the boards of a number of ASX listed (none within the last 3 years) and private companies.

Mr Punch has previously been a member of various professional organisations and committees and is a B Ec and A Fin.

Brenton Siggs, (Non-Executive Director)

Mr Siggs is a geologist with over twenty four years' experience in the Australian mineral exploration and mining industry and has worked on a range of gold, nickel, petroleum, mineral sands, coal and phosphate projects throughout Australia. He currently operates a successful geological contracting business which was established in Kalgoorlie in 1994 and is now based in Perth, Western Australia.

Mr Siggs has extensive experience in all stages of regional and near-mine exploration project management, particularly in Western Australia, from conceptual targeting and ground acquisition through to resource definition drilling programs and open cut mining geology. He has held Senior Geologist and Project Leader roles with a variety of Australian and major international companies including Newcrest Mining Ltd., Inco Australia, VALE, Sons of Gwalia Ltd, Central Norseman Gold Corporation Ltd and Belvedere Coal Management Pty Ltd.

Mr Siggs' exploration successes include senior geology roles in Western Australian gold discoveries at Racetrack, Golden Funnel and Black Lady (Mount Pleasant), Dingo Range, Norseman and Menzies (Lady Irene). Other technical highlights include senior roles in resource upgrades at significant nickel laterite (Ravensthorpe Project and Kalgoorlie Nickel Project, Western Australia) and coal projects (Belvedere Coal Project, Queensland).

Mr Siggs is a director of Goldphyre WA Pty Ltd ("Vendor"), and ultimately controls 60% of the Vendor's holding in the Company.

Mr Siggs holds a Bachelor of Applied Science (Applied Geology) degree from the University of South Australia and is a Member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists (AIG) and the Society of Economic Geologists (SEG).

Christopher Clegg, (Non-Executive Director, Chairman of the Audit Committee)

Mr Clegg has over thirty five years' experience in the mining industry as a service provider to leading Australian mining companies, various other SME's and high net worth individuals.

Mr Clegg is principal and managing director of Statewide Tenement and Advisory Services Pty Ltd, providing mining title management and acquisition, native title negotiation and dispute resolution, and strategic planning services to the mining industry for over twenty five years.

Russell Lynton-Brown was a director from the beginning of the financial year until his resignation on 21 January 2013.

COMPANY SECRETARY

John Ribbons,

Mr Ribbons is an accountant who has worked within the resources industry for over fifteen years in the capacity of company accountant, group financial controller or company secretary.

Mr Ribbons has extensive knowledge and experience with ASX listed production and exploration companies. He has considerable site based experience with operating mines and has also been involved with the listing of several exploration companies on the ASX. Mr Ribbons has experience in capital raising, ASX and TSX compliance and regulatory requirements. Mr Ribbons has not held any former directorships in the last 3 years.

Interests in the shares and options of the company and related bodies corporate

As at the date of this report, the interests of the directors in the shares and options of Goldphyre Resources Limited were:

	Ordinary Shares	Options over Ordinary Shares
Ron Punch	-	2,000,000
Brenton Siggs	7,250,000	3,625,000
Christopher Clegg	175,000	2,000,000

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

During the year the Company carried out exploration on its tenements and applied for or acquired additional tenements with the objective of identifying gold and other economic mineral deposits.

DIVIDENDS

No dividends were paid or declared during the year. No recommendation for payment of dividends has been made.

OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW

Finance Review

The Company began the year with available cash assets of \$2,253,057.

During the year total exploration expenditure incurred by the Company amounted to \$1,088,258 (2012: \$521,341). In line with the Company's accounting policies, all exploration expenditure is written off as incurred. Net administration expenditure incurred amounted to \$302,069 (2012: \$282,873). This has resulted in an operating loss after income tax for the year ended 30 June 2013 of \$1,390,327 (2012: \$804,214).

At 30 June 2013 cash assets available totalled \$767,202.

Operating Results for the Year

Summarised operating results are as follows:

	2013		
	Revenues Res		
	\$	\$	
Revenues and loss from ordinary activities before income tax expense	59,118	(1,390,327)	
Shareholder Returns			
	2013	2012	
Basic loss per share (cents)	(5.2)	(4.0)	

Risk Management

The board is responsible for ensuring that risks, and also opportunities, are identified on a timely basis and that activities are aligned with the risks and opportunities identified by the board.

The Company believes that it is crucial for all board members to be a part of this process, and as such the board has not established a separate risk management committee.

The board has a number of mechanisms in place to ensure that management's objectives and activities are aligned with the risks identified by the board. These include the following:

- Board approval of a strategic plan, which encompasses strategy statements designed to meet stakeholders needs and manage business risk.
- Implementation of board approved operating plans and budgets and board monitoring of progress against these budgets.

SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN THE STATE OF AFFAIRS

Other than as disclosed in this Report, no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Company occurred during the financial year.

SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE DATE

No matters or circumstances, besides those disclosed at note 16, have arisen since the end of the year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Company, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Company in future financial periods.

LIKELY DEVELOPMENTS AND EXPECTED RESULTS

The Company expects to maintain the present status and level of operations and will report any further developments in accordance with ASX continuous disclosure requirements.

ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION AND PERFORMANCE

The Company is subject to significant environmental regulation in respect to its exploration activities.

The Company aims to ensure the appropriate standard of environmental care is achieved, and in doing so, that it is aware of and is in compliance with all environmental legislation. The directors of the Company are not aware of any breach of environmental legislation for the year under review.

The directors have considered the National Greenhouse and Energy Reporting Act 2007 (the NGER Act) which introduces a single national reporting framework for the reporting and dissemination of information about greenhouse gas emissions, greenhouse gas projects, and energy use and production of corporations. At the current stage of development, the directors have determined that the NGER Act will have no effect on the Company for the current, nor subsequent, financial year. The directors will reassess this position as and when the need arises.

DIRECTORS' REPORT Cont.

REMUNERATION REPORT

The information provided in this remuneration report has been audited as required by section 308(3C) of the Corporations Act 2001.

Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration

Remuneration Policy

The remuneration policy of Goldphyre Resources Limited has been designed to align key management personnel objectives with shareholder and business objectives by providing a fixed remuneration component and offering specific long term incentives based on key performance areas affecting the Company's financial results. The board of Goldphyre Resources Limited believes the remuneration policy to be appropriate and effective in its ability to attract and retain the best key management personnel to run and manage the Company.

The board's policy for determining the nature and amount of remuneration for board members and senior executives (if any) of the Company is as follows:

The remuneration policy, setting the terms and conditions for the executive directors, was developed by the board. All executives receive a base salary (which is based on factors such as length of service, performance and experience) and superannuation. The board reviews executive packages annually by reference to the Company's performance, executive performance and comparable information from industry sectors and other listed companies in similar industries.

The board may exercise discretion in relation to approving incentives, bonuses and options. The policy is designed to attract and retain the highest calibre of executives and reward them for performance that results in long term growth in shareholder wealth.

Executives are also entitled to participate in the employee share and option arrangements.

The directors and executives (if any) receive a superannuation guarantee contribution required by the government, which was 9% for the 2013 financial year (9.25% effective 1 July 2013). Some individuals may choose to sacrifice part of their salary to increase payments towards superannuation.

All remuneration paid to key management personnel is valued at the cost to the company and expensed. Shares given to key management personnel are valued as the difference between the market price of those shares and the amount paid by the key management personnel. Options are valued using the Black Scholes methodology.

The board policy is to remunerate non executive directors at market rates for comparable companies for time, commitment and responsibilities. The board determines payments to the non executive directors and reviews their remuneration annually, based on market practice, duties and accountability. Independent external advice is sought when required. The maximum aggregate amount of fees that can be paid to non executive directors is subject to approval by shareholders at the Annual General Meeting (currently \$300,000). Fees for non executive directors are not linked to the performance of the Company. However, to align directors' interests with shareholder interests, the directors are encouraged to hold shares in the company and are able to participate in the employee option plan.

Performance based remuneration

The company currently has no performance based remuneration component built into key management personnel remuneration packages.

Company performance, shareholder wealth and key management personnel remuneration

The remuneration policy has been tailored to increase the direct positive relationship between shareholders' investment objectives and key management personnel performance. Currently, this is facilitated through the issue of options to the majority of key management personnel to encourage the alignment of personal and shareholder interests. The company believes this policy will be effective in increasing shareholder wealth. At commencement of mine production, performance based bonuses based on key performance indicators are expected to be introduced. For details of key management personnel interests in options at year end, refer to note 12 of the financial statements.

Use of remuneration consultants

The Company did not employ the services of any remuneration consultants during the financial year ended 30 June 2013.

Voting and comments made at the Company's 2012 Annual General Meeting

The Company received 100% of "yes" votes on its remuneration report for the 2012 financial year. The Company did not receive any specific feedback at the Annual General Meeting or throughout the year on its remuneration practices.

Details of remuneration

Details of the remuneration of the key management personnel of the Company are set out in the following table.

The key management personnel of the Company include the directors as per page 3 above.

Key management personnel of the Company

	Short-Term	Post Empl	oyment	Share-based Payments	Total	
	Salary & Fees	Non-Monetary	Superannuation	Retirement benefits	Options	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Directors						
Ron Punch						
2013	50,000		- 2,700			52,700
2012	30,000		- 2,700		- 104,100	136,800
Brenton Siggs						
2013	294,436		- 3,000			297,436
2012	127,292		- 1,800			129,092
Christopher Clegg						
2013	33,333		- 3,000			36,333
2012	20,000		- 1,800			21,800
Russell Lynton-Brown (res	signed 21 January 2013)					
2013	20,000		- 1,800			21,800
2012	20,000		- 1,800			21,800
Total key management pe	ersonnel compensation					
2013	397,769		- 10,500			408,269
2012	197,292		- 8,100		- 104,100	309,492

Service agreements

Reefus Geology Services (a business controlled by Brenton Siggs) has agreed to provide technical geological management services to the Company at a daily rate of \$950 (excluding GST) plus a four wheel drive vehicle daily rate of \$85 (excluding GST). All fuel and oils costs will be invoiced to the Company.

Share-based compensation

Options are issued at no cost to key management personnel as part of their remuneration. The options are not issued based on performance criteria, but are issued to the key management personnel of Goldphyre Resources Limited to increase goal congruence between key management personnel and shareholders. There were no options over ordinary shares of the Company granted to or vesting with key management personnel during the year. Options currently on issue that were previously granted to key management personnel are shown below:

						Value per	
		Granted			Exercise Price	option at grant	Exercised
	Grant Date	Number	Vesting Date	Expiry Date	(cents)	date (cents)	Number
Directors							
Ron Punch	29/05/2012	1,000,000	29/05/2012	29/05/2016	19.5	10.41	-

End of Remuneration Report

DIRECTORS' REPORT Cont.

DIRECTORS' MEETINGS

During the year the Company held nine meetings of directors. The attendance of directors at meetings of the board were:

	Directors	Meetings	Audit Committee Meetings		
	Α	В	А	В	
Ron Punch	9	9	2	2	
Brenton Siggs	9	9	*	*	
Christopher Clegg	9	9	2	2	
Russell Lynton-Brown (resigned 21 January 2013)	4	4	-	1	

Notes

A – Number of meetings attended.

B - Number of meetings held during the time the director held office during the year.

* Not a member of the Audit Committee.

SHARES UNDER OPTION

At the date of this report there are 21,389,800 unissued ordinary shares in respect of which options are outstanding.

			Number of options
Balance at the beginning of the year			21,389,800
Total number of options outstanding as	at 30 June 2013 and the date of	this report	21,389,800
The balance is comprised of the following	j :		
	Expiry date	Exercise price (cents)	Number of options
	Expiry date 30 June 2015	Exercise price (cents) 20.0	Number of options 20,389,800
			•

No person entitled to exercise any option referred to above has or had, by virtue of the option, a right to participate in any share issue of any other body corporate.

INSURANCE OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

During the financial year, Goldphyre Resources Limited paid a premium of \$15,318 to insure the directors and secretary of the Company.

The liabilities insured are legal costs that may be incurred in defending civil or criminal proceedings that may be brought against the officers in their capacity as officers of the Company, and any other payments arising from liabilities incurred by the officers in connection with such proceedings. This does not include such liabilities that arise from conduct involving a wilful breach of duty by the officers or the improper use by the officers of their position or of information to gain advantage for themselves or someone else or to cause detriment to the Company. It is not possible to apportion the premium between amounts relating to the insurance against legal costs and those relating to other liabilities.

NON AUDIT SERVICES

The following non audit services were provided by the entity's auditor, Bentleys Audit & Corporate (WA) Pty Ltd, or associated entities. The directors are satisfied that the provision of non audit services is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the *Corporations Act 2001*. The directors are satisfied that the provision of non-audit services by the auditor, as set out below, did not compromise the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* for the following reasons:

- All non-audit services have been reviewed by the audit committee to ensure they do not impact the impartiality and objectivity of the auditor;
- None of the services undermine the general standard of independence for auditors.

Bentleys Audit & Corporate (WA) Pty Ltd received or are due to receive the following amounts for the provision of non audit services:

Investigating Accountants Report for the IPO prospectus - 4,000		2013	2012
	Investigating Accountants Report for the IPO prospectus	\$ 	\$ 4,000

DIRECTORS' REPORT Cont.

PROCEEDINGS ON BEHALF OF THE COMPANY

No person has applied to the Court under section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001* for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company, or to intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party, for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or any part of those proceedings.

No proceedings have been brought or intervened in on behalf of the Company with leave of the Court under section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out on page 24. Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors.

Anne

Ron Punch Executive Chairman Perth, 9 September 2013



Bentleys Audit & Corporate (WA) Pty Ltd

Level 1, 12 Kings Park Road West Perth WA 6005 Australia PO Box 44 West Perth WA 6872 Australia ABN 33 121 222 802 T +61 8 9226 4500 F +61 8 9226 4300 bentleys.com.au

To: The Board of Directors

Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001

As lead audit director for the audit of the financial statements of Goldphyre Resources Limited for the financial year ended 30 June 2013, I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Yours faithfully

ntleys

BENTLEYS Chartered Accountants

DATED at PERTH this 9th day of September 2013

bighell

DOUG BELL CA Director



Kreston International



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 Auditors
 Advisors

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

The Board of Directors

The Company's constitution provides that the number of directors shall not be less than three and not more than ten.

As and if the Company's activities increase in size, nature and scope the size of the board will be reviewed periodically, and as circumstances demand. The optimum number of directors required to supervise adequately the Company's constitution will be determined within the limitations imposed by the constitution.

In order to ensure the board maintains an optimal mix of skills and diversity, the membership of the board, its activities and composition, is subject to periodic review. The criteria for determining the identification and appointment of a suitable candidate for the board shall include quality of the individual, background of experience and achievement, compatibility with other board members, credibility within the Company's scope of activities, intellectual ability to contribute to board's duties and physical ability to undertake board's duties and responsibilities.

Directors are initially appointed by the full board subject to election by shareholders at the next general meeting. Under the Company's constitution the tenure of a director (other than managing director, and only one managing director where the position is jointly held) is subject to reappointment by shareholders not later than the third anniversary following his or her last appointment. Subject to the requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*, the board does not subscribe to the principle of retirement age and there is no maximum period of service as a director. A managing director may be appointed for any period and on any terms the directors think fit and, subject to the terms of any agreement entered into, may revoke any appointment.

The board has established Audit, Remuneration and Nomination Committees. The board as a whole is committed to addressing the governance aspects of the full scope of the Company's activities and to ensure that it adheres to appropriate ethical standards.

Role of the Board

The board's primary role is the protection and enhancement of long-term shareholder value.

To fulfil this role, the board is responsible for oversight of management and the overall corporate governance of the Company including its strategic direction, establishing goals for management and monitoring the achievement of these goals.

Appointments to Other Boards

Directors are required to take into consideration any potential conflicts of interest when accepting appointments to other boards.

Independent Professional Advice

The board has determined that individual directors have the right in connection with their duties and responsibilities as directors, to seek independent professional advice at the Company's expense. With the exception of expenses for legal advice in relation to director's rights and duties, the engagement of an outside adviser is subject to prior approval of the Chairman and this will not be withheld unreasonably.

Continuous Review of Corporate Governance

Directors consider, on an ongoing basis, how management information is presented to them and whether such information is sufficient to enable them to discharge their duties as directors of the Company. Such information must be sufficient to enable the directors to determine appropriate operating and financial strategies from time to time in light of changing circumstances and economic conditions. The directors recognise that mining exploration is an inherently risky business and that operational strategies adopted should, notwithstanding, be directed towards improving or maintaining the net worth of the Company.

ASX Principles of Good Corporate Governance

To the extent that they are relevant to the organisation, the Company has adopted the Eight Corporate Governance Principles and Best Practice Recommendations as published by the ASX Corporate Governance Council.

As the Company's activities develop in size, nature and scope, the size of the board and the implementation of any additional formal corporate governance committees will be given further consideration.

The following table sets out the Company's present position in relation to each of the Principles.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT Cont.

	ASX Principle	Status	Reference/comment
Principle 1:	Lay solid foundations for management and oversigh	nt	
1.1	Companies should establish the functions reserved to the board and those delegated to senior executives and disclose those functions		The Board Charter includes matters reserved for the Board and is included on the Company website
1.2	Companies should disclose the process for evaluating the performance of senior executives	N/A	The company only employs one executive being the Executive Chairman. No process is currently adopted for evaluating the performance of senior executives.
			Acting in its ordinary capacity, the board from time to time carries out the process of considering and determining performance issues.
1.3	Companies should provide the information indicated in the Guide to reporting on Principle	Α	
Principle 2:	Structure the board to add value		
2.1	A majority of the board should be independent directors	N/A	The Board comprises three directors, two of whom are non-executive, however only one director is classified as independent. The Board believes that this is both appropriate and acceptable at this stage of the Company's development.
2.2	The chair should be an independent director	N/A	The chair is not independent.
2.3	The roles of chair and chief executive officer should not be exercised by the same individual	N/A	The Company has only one executive, being the Executive Chairman. The Board believes that this is both appropriate and acceptable at this stage of the Company's development.
2.4	The board should establish a nomination committee	A	The full Board carries out the duties that would normally fall to the Nomination Committee. The Committee operates under the Nomination Committee Charter, a copy of which is available on the Company's website.
2.5	Companies should disclose the process for evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors	Α	Disclosed in the Nomination Committee Charter which is available on the Company's website.
2.6	Companies should provide the information indicated in the Guide to reporting on Principle 2	Α	The skills and experience of Directors are set out in the Company's Annual Report (Directors' Report) and available on its website.
			The materiality thresholds are assessed on a case-by-case basis, taking into account the relevant Director's specific circumstances, rather than referring to a general materiality threshold.
Principle 3:	Promote ethical and responsible decision making		
3.1	Companies should establish a code of conduct and disclose the code	Α	The Company has formulated a Code of Conduct which can be viewed on the Company's website.
3.2	Companies should establish a policy concerning diversity and disclose the policy or a summary of that policy. The policy should include requirements for the Board to establish measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity and for the Board to assess annually both the objectives and progress in achieving them		The Company has established a Diversity Policy, however, the policy does not include requirements for the board to establish measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity. Given the Company's size and stage of development as an exploration company, the board does not think it is yet appropriate to include measurable objectives in relation to gender. As the Company grows and requires more employees, the Company will review this policy and amend as appropriate.
3.3	Companies should disclose in each annual report the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the Board in accordance with the diversity policy and progress towards achieving them	N/A	The Company has established a Diversity Policy, however, the policy does not include requirements for the board to establish measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity. Given the Company's size and stage of development as an exploration company, the board does not think it is yet appropriate to include measurable objectives in relation to gender.
A = Adopted			

	ASX Principle	Status	Referer
3.4	Companies should disclose in each annual report the proportion of women employees in the whole organisation, women in senior executive positions and women on the board.	N/A	There a have ar
3.5	Companies should provide the information indicated in the Guide to reporting on Principle 3	Α	
Principle 4:	Safeguard integrity in financial reporting		
4.1	The board should establish an audit committee	Α	
4.2	The audit committee should be structured so that it:		
	consists only of non executive directors	N/A	Goldph of one e executi director expension
	consists of a majority of independent directors	N/A	Goldph of one i indepei
	 is chaired by an independent chair, who is not chair of the board 	Α	The cha the boa
	has at least three members	N/A	
4.3	The audit committee should have a formal charter	A	The Auc Charter Commi
4.4	Companies should provide the information indicated in the Guide to reporting on Principle 4	Α	The cor as requ
Principle 5:	Make timely and balanced disclosure		
5.1	Companies should establish written policies designed to ensure compliance with ASX Listing Rule disclosure requirements and to ensure accountability at a senior executive level for that compliance	Α	Goldph
5.2	Companies should provide the information indicated in the Guide to reporting on Principle 5	Α	
Principle 6:	Respect the rights of shareholders		
6.1	Companies should design a communications policy for promoting effective communication with shareholders and encouraging their participation at general meetings		The Cor The Pol shareho a high I the Cor various shareho
6.2	Companies should provide the information indicated in the Guide to reporting on Principle 6	Α	

Principle 7: Recognise and manage risk

7.1 Companies should establish policies for the oversight and management of material business risks

C + - + Dof ence/comment

are no women on the Board. The Company does not ny female employees or senior executives.

- hyre has established an Audit Committee consisting executive director (Ron Punch) and one nonive directors (Chris Clegg). Sourcing alternative ors to strictly comply with this Principle is considered sive with costs outweighing the potential benefits.
- hyre has established an Audit Committee consisting non-independent executive director and one endent non-executive directors.
- air of the committee is independent and not chair of ard.
- Idit Committee operates under the Audit Committee er which lists the main responsibilities of the ittee and is available on the Company's website.
- mmittee is to meet at least annually and otherwise uired.
- hyre has adopted a Continuous Disclosure Policy.
- ompany has a Shareholder Communication Policy. licy specifically encourages full participation of olders at the Annual General Meeting to ensure level of accountability and identification with mpany's strategy and goals and outlines the s ways in which the Company communicates with olders.
- N/A While the Company does not have formalised policies on risk management the board recognises its responsibility for identifying areas of significant business risk and for ensuring that arrangements are in place for adequately managing these risks. This issue is regularly reviewed at board meetings and risk management culture is encouraged.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT Cont.

ASX Principle

- 7.2 The board should require management to design and implement the risk management and internal control system to manage the company's material business risks and report to it on whether those risks are being managed effectively
- 7.3 The board should disclose whether it has received assurance from the chief executive officer (or equivalent) and the chief financial officer (or equivalent) that the declaration provided in accordance with section 295A of the Corporations Act is founded on a sound system of risk management and internal control and that the system is operating effectively in all material respects in relation to financial reporting risks
- 7.4 Companies should provide the information indicated in the Guide to reporting on Principle 7

Principle 8: Remunerate fairly and responsibly

- 8.1 The board should establish a remuneration committee8.2 The remuneration committee should be structured so that it:
 - consists of a majority of independent directors
 - is chaired by an independent director
 - has at least three members
- 8.3 Companies should clearly distinguish the structure of non-executive directors' remuneration from that of executive directors and senior executives
- 8.4 Companies should provide the information indicated in the Guide to reporting on Principle 8

Status Reference/comment

- N/A While the Company does not have formalised policies on risk management the board recognises its responsibility for identifying areas of significant business risk and for ensuring that arrangements are in place for adequately managing these risks. This issue is regularly reviewed at board meetings and risk management culture is encouraged.
 - A The Board has received the required assurance and declaration.

N/A Goldphyre has established a Remuneration Committee consisting of one non-independent executive director (Ron Punch) and one independent non-executive director (Chris Clegg).

A The chair is independent and is not chair of the board.

N/A

А

А

- A The Remuneration Committee operates under the Remuneration Committee Charter. The Charter states that no executive is to be directly involved in deciding their own remuneration and that, when making recommendations to the Board, the Committee should clearly distinguish the structure of non-executive director's remuneration from that of executive directors and senior executives.
- A The executive directors and executives receive a superannuation guarantee contribution required by the government and do not receive any other retirement benefits.

STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013	Notes	2013 \$	2012 \$
REVENUE	4	59,118	75,977
EXPENDITURE			
Administration expenses		(212,420)	(155,969)
Depreciation expenses		(1,600)	(249)
Employee benefits expenses		(147,167)	(98,532)
Exploration expenses		(1,088,258)	(521,341)
Share-based payments expenses			(104,100)
LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAX		(1,390,327)	(804,214)
INCOME TAX BENEFIT / (EXPENSE)	5		-
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE YEAR ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF GOLDPHYRE RESOURCES LIMITED		(1,390,327)	(804,214)
		(1,000,027)	(001/211)
Basic and diluted loss per share for loss attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the Company (cents per share)	18	(5.2)	(4.0)

The above Statement of Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the Notes to the Financial Statements.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AT 30 JUNE 2013	Notes	2013	2012
		\$	\$
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	6	767,202	2,253,057
Trade and other receivables	7	4,043	54,925
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		771,245	2,307,982
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Plant and equipment	8	2,151	3,751
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		2,151	3,751
TOTAL ASSETS		773,396	2,311,733
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	9	17,248	165,258
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		17,248	165,258
TOTAL LIABILITIES		17,248	165,258
NET ASSETS		756,148	2,146,475
EQUITY			
Issued capital	10	2,176,364	2,176,364
Reserves		883,405	883,405
Accumulated losses		(2,303,621)	(913,294)
TOTAL EQUITY		756,148	2,146,475

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the Notes to the Financial Statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

	Notes	Issued Capital	Share-Based Payments Reserve	Accumulated Losses	Total
		\$	\$	\$	\$
BALANCE AT 1 JULY 2011		422,602	-	(109,080)	313,522
Loss for the period			-	(804,214)	(804,214)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE LOSS		-	-	(804,214)	(804,214)
TRANSACTIONS WITH OWNERS IN THEIR CAPACITY AS OWNERS					
Shares issued during the year	10	2,996,400	-	-	2,996,400
Share issue transaction costs	10	(1,242,638)) -	-	(1,242,638)
Issue of employee and contractor options	19(c)	-	104,100	-	104,100
Issue of supplier options	19(c)		779,305	-	779,305
BALANCE AT 30 JUNE 2012		2,176,364	883,405	(913,294)	2,146,475
Loss for the year		-	-	(1,390,327)	(1,390,327)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE LOSS		-	-	(1,390,327)	(1,390,327)
BALANCE AT 30 JUNE 2013		2,176,364	883,405	(2,303,621)	756,148

Statement of Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the Notes to the Financial Statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013	Notes	2013	2012
		\$	\$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Payments to suppliers and employees		(372,949)	(236,635)
Expenditure on mining interests		(1,187,654)	(409,152)
Interest received		74,748	57,269
NET CASH OUTFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	17(a)	(1,485,855)	(588,518)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Payments for plant and equipment		-	(4,000)
NET CASH OUTFLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		-	(4,000)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from issues of ordinary shares		-	2,996,400
Payments of share issue costs		-	(454,234)
NET CASH INFLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		-	2,542,166
NET (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(1,485,855)	1,949,648
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		2,253,057	303,409
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	6	767,202	2,253,057

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the Notes to the Financial Statements.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below. The financial statements are for Goldphyre Resources Limited. The financial statements are presented in the Australian currency. Goldphyre Resources Limited is a company limited by shares, domiciled and incorporated in Australia. The financial statements were authorised for issue by the directors on 9 September 2013. The directors have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

(a) Basis of preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the *Corporations Act 2001*. Goldphyre Resources Limited is a for-profit entity for the purpose of preparing the financial statements. All amounts are presented in Australian dollars unless otherwise stated.

(i) Compliance with IFRS

The consolidated financial statements of Goldphyre Resources Limited also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

(ii) New and amended standards adopted by the Company

None of the new standards and amendments to standards that are mandatory for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 July 2012 affected any of the amounts recognised in the current period or any prior period and are not likely to affect future periods. However, amendments made to AASB 101 *Presentation of Financial Statements* effective 1 July 2012 now require the statement of comprehensive income to show the items of comprehensive income grouped into those that are not permitted to be reclassified to profit or loss in a future period and those that may have to be reclassified if certain conditions are met.

(iii) Early adoption of standards

The Company has not elected to apply any pronouncements before their operative date in the annual reporting period beginning 1 July 2012.

(iv) Historical cost convention

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of available-for-sale financial assets, which have been measured at fair value.

(v) Going concern

The financial report has been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the continuity of normal business activity and the realisation of assets and the settlement of liabilities in the ordinary course of business.

The Company incurred a loss for the year of \$1,390,327 and net cash outflows of \$1,485,855. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is principally dependent upon the ability of the Company to secure funds by raising capital from equity markets and managing cashflow in line with available funds. These conditions indicate a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern.

The directors have prepared a cash flow forecast, which indicates that the Company will have sufficient cash flows to meet all commitments and working capital requirements for the 12 month period from the date of signing this financial report.

Based on the cash flow forecasts and other factors referred to above, the directors are satisfied that the going concern basis of preparation is appropriate. In particular, given the Company's history of raising capital to date, the directors are confident of the Company's ability to raise additional funds as and when they are required.

Should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern it may be required to realise its assets and extinguish its liabilities other than in the normal course of business and at amounts different to those stated in the financial statements. The financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of asset carrying amounts or to the amount and classification of liabilities that might result should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern and meet its debts as and when they fall due.

(b) Segment reporting

An operating segment is defined as a component of an entity that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the entity's chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The chief operating decision maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the full Board of Directors.

(c) Revenue recognition

Interest revenue is recognised on a time proportionate basis that takes into account the effective yield on the financial assets.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

(d) Income tax

The income tax expense or revenue for the year is the tax payable on the current year's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period in the countries where the Company's subsidiaries and associated operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the reporting date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in controlled entities where the parent entity is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

(e) Impairment of assets

Goodwill and intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired. Other assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

(f) Cash and cash equivalents

For statement of cash flows presentation purposes, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

(g) Trade and other receivables

Receivables are recognised and carried at original invoice amount less a provision for any uncollectible debts. An estimate for doubtful debts is made when collection of the full amount is no longer probable. Bad debts are written-off as incurred.

(h) Exploration and evaluation costs

Exploration and evaluation costs for each area of interest in the early stages of project life are expensed as they are incurred.

(i) Investments and financial instruments

Recognition and derecognition

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date being the date on which the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

When securities classified as available-for-sale are sold, the accumulated fair value adjustments recognised in equity are included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income as gains and losses from investment securities.

Classification and subsequent measurement

(i) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

(ii) Financial liabilities

Non-derivative financial liabilities (excluding financial guarantees) are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Impairment

At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial instrument has been impaired. In the case of available-for-sale financial instruments, a prolonged decline in the value of the instrument is considered to determine whether impairment has arisen. Impairment losses are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

(j) Plant and equipment

All plant and equipment is stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognised when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the statement of comprehensive income during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation of plant and equipment is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost or revalued amounts, net of their residual values, over their estimated useful lives or, in the case of leasehold improvements and certain leased plant and equipment, the shorter lease term. The rate used for assets held during the year is 40% per annum.

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (note 1(e)).

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in the statement of comprehensive income. When revalued assets are sold, it is Company policy to transfer the amounts included in other reserves in respect of those assets to retained earnings.

(k) Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured, non-interest bearing and are paid on normal commercial terms.

(I) Employee benefits

Wages and salaries and annual leave

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits, and annual leave expected to be settled within 12 months of the reporting date are recognised in other payables in respect of employees' services up to the reporting date and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

(m) Share-based payments

The Company provides benefits to employees (including directors) of the Company in the form of share-based payment transactions, whereby employees render services in exchange for shares or rights over shares ('equity-settled transactions'), refer to note 19.

The cost of these equity-settled transactions with employees is measured by reference to the fair value at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by an internal valuation using a Black-Scholes option pricing model.

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognised, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance conditions are fulfilled, ending on the date on which the relevant employees become fully entitled to the award ('vesting date').

The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until vesting date reflects (i) the extent to which the vesting period has expired and (ii) the number of options that, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, will ultimately vest. This opinion is formed based on the best available information at balance date. No adjustment is made for the likelihood of market performance conditions being met as the effect of these conditions is included in the determination of fair value at grant date.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

No expense is recognised for awards that do not ultimately vest, except for awards where vesting is conditional upon a market condition. Where an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognised for the award is recognised immediately. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award, and designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new award are treated as if they were a modification of the original award.

Options over ordinary shares have also been issued as consideration for the acquisition of interests in tenements and other services. These options have been treated in the same manner as employee options described above, with the expense being included as part of exploration expenditure.

(n) Issued capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options for the acquisition of a business are not included in the cost of the acquisition as part of the purchase consideration.

(o) Earnings per share

(i) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to owners of the company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the year.

(ii) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares and the weighted average number of shares assumed to have been issued for no consideration in relation to dilutive potential ordinary shares.

(p) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated GST, unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In this case it is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included with other receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to the taxation authority, are presented as operating cash flows.

(q) New accounting standards and interpretations

Certain new accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for 30 June 2012 reporting periods. The Company's assessment of the impact of these new standards and interpretations is set out below. New standards and interpretations not mentioned are considered unlikely to impact on the financial reporting of the Company.

AASB 9: Financial Instruments, AASB 2009-11 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 9, AASB 2010-7 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 9 (December 2010) and AASB 2012-6 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Mandatory Effective Date of AASB 9 and Transition Disclosures (effective from 1 January 2015)

This Standard is applicable retrospectively and includes revised requirements for the classification and measurement of financial instruments, as well as recognition and derecognition requirements for financial instruments. The Company has not yet determined any potential impact on the financial statements.

The key changes made to accounting requirements include:

- simplifying the classifications of financial assets into those carried at amortised cost and those carried at fair value;
- · simplifying the requirements for embedded derivatives;
- removing the tainting rules associated with held-to-maturity assets;
- removing the requirements to separate and fair value embedded derivatives for financial assets carried at amortised cost;
- allowing an irrevocable election on initial recognition to present gains and losses on investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading in other comprehensive income. Dividends in respect of these investments that are a return on investment can be recognised in profit or loss and there is no impairment or recycling on disposal of the instrument;
- requiring financial assets to be reclassified where there is a change in an entity's business model as they are initially classified based on: (a) the objective of the entity's business model for managing the financial assets; and (b) the characteristics of the contractual cash flows; and

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

requiring an entity that chooses to measure a financial liability at fair value to present the portion of the change in its fair value due to
changes in the entity's own credit risk in other comprehensive income, except when that would create an accounting mismatch. If such
a mismatch would be created or enlarged, the entity is required to present all changes in fair value (including the effects of changes in
the credit risk of the liability) in profit or loss.

AASB 2010–10: Further Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Removal of Fixed Dates for First-time Adopters [AASB 2009–11 & AASB 2011–7] (applies to periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013)

This Standard makes amendments to AASB 2009–11: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 9, and AASB 2011–7: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 9 (December 2010).

The amendments brought in by this Standard ultimately affect AASB 1: First-time Adoption of Australian Accounting Standards and provide relief for first-time adopters from having to reconstruct transactions that occurred before their transition date.

[The amendments to AASB 2009–11 will only affect early adopters of AASB 2009–11 (and AASB 9: Financial Instruments that was issued in December 2009) as it has been superseded by AASB 2010–7.]

This Standard is not expected to impact the Company.

AASB 1054: Australian Additional Disclosures (applies to periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013)

This Standard is as a consequence of phase 1 of the joint Trans-Tasman Convergence project of the AASB and FRSB.

This Standard relocates all Australian specific disclosures from other standards to one place and revises disclosures in the following areas:

- compliance with Australian Accounting Standards;
- the statutory basis or reporting framework for financial statements;
- whether the financial statements are general purpose or special purpose;
- audit fees; and
- imputation credits.
- This Standard is not expected to impact the Company.

AASB 10: Consolidated Financial Statements (applies to periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013)

This Standard establishes a new control model that applies to all entities. It replaces parts of AASB 127 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements dealing with the accounting for consolidated financial statements and Interpretation 112 Consolidation – Special Purpose Entities.

The new control model broadens the situations when an entity is considered to be controlled by another entity and includes new guidance for applying the model to specific situations, including when acting as a manager may give control, the impact of potential voting rights and when holding less than a majority voting rights may give control. This Standard is not expected to impact the Company.

AASB 11: Joint Arrangements (applies to periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013)

This Standard replaces AASB 131 Interests in Joint Ventures and Interpretation 113 Jointly-Controlled Entities – Non-monetary Contributions by Ventures. AASB 11 uses the principle of control in AASB 10 to define joint control, and therefore the determination of whether joint control exists may change. In addition, AASB 11 removes the option to account for jointly controlled entities (JCEs) using proportionate consolidation. Instead, accounting for a joint arrangement is dependent on the nature of the rights and obligations arising from the arrangement. Joint operations that give the venturers a right to the underlying assets and obligations themselves is accounted for by recognising the share of those assets and obligations. Joint ventures that give the venturers a right to the net assets is accounted for using the equity method. This may result in a change in the accounting for the joint arrangements held by the Company.

AASB 12: Disclosures of Interests in Other Entities (applies to periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013)

This Standard includes all disclosures relating to an entity's interests in subsidiaries, joint arrangements, associates and structures entities. New disclosures have been introduced about the judgements made by management to determine whether control exists, and to require summarised information about joint arrangements, associates and structured entities and subsidiaries with non-controlling interests. The Company has not yet determined any potential impact on the financial statements.

AASB 13: Fair Value Measurement (applies to periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013)

This Standard establishes a single source of guidance under AASB for determining the fair value of assets and liabilities. AASB 13 does not change when an entity is required to use fair value, but rather, provides guidance on how to determine fair value under AASB when fair value is required or permitted by AASB. Application of this definition may result in different fair values being determined for the relevant assets.

AASB 13 also expands the disclosure requirements for all assets or liabilities carried at fair value. This includes information about the assumptions made and the qualitative impact of those assumptions on the fair value determined. The Company has not yet determined any potential impact on the financial statements.

AASB 119: Employee Benefits (applicable for annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2013)

The main change introduced by this standard is to revise the accounting for defined benefit plans. The amendment removes the options for accounting for the liability, and requires that the liabilities arising from such plans is recognized in full with actuarial gains and losses being recognized in other comprehensive income. It also revised the method of calculating the return on plan assets. The definition of short-term benefits has been revised, meaning some annual leave entitlements may become long-term in nature with a revised measurement. Similarly the timing for recognising a provision for termination benefits has been revised, such that provisions can only be recognised when the offer cannot be withdrawn.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Consequential amendments were also made to other standards via AASB 2012-10.

Interpretation 20: Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine (applicable for annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2013)

This interpretation applies to stripping costs incurred during the production phase of a surface mine. Production stripping costs are to be capitalised as part of an asset, if an entity can demonstrate that it is probable future economic benefits will be realised, the costs can be reliably measured and the entity can identify the component of an ore body for which access has been improved. This asset is to be called the "stripping activity asset".

The stripping activity asset shall be depreciated or amortised on a systematic basis, over the expected useful life of the identified component of the ore body that becomes more accessible as a result of the stripping activity. The units of production method shall be applied unless another method is more appropriate.

None of the other amendments or Interpretations are expected to affect the accounting policies of the Company.

(r) Critical accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of these financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are:

Environmental Issues

Balances disclosed in the financial statements and notes thereto are not adjusted for any pending or enacted environmental legislation, and the directors understanding thereof. At the current stage of the Company's development and its current environmental impact the directors believe such treatment is reasonable and appropriate.

Taxation

Balances disclosed in the financial statements and the notes thereto related to taxation are based on the best estimates of the directors. These estimates take into account both the financial performance and position of the Company as they pertain to current income taxation legislation, and the directors understanding thereof. No adjustment has been made for pending or future taxation legislation. The current income tax position represents that directors' best estimate, pending an assessment by the Australian Taxation Office.

Share-based payments

Share-based payment transactions, in the form of options to acquire ordinary shares, are valued using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. This model uses assumptions and estimates as inputs.

2. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Company.

Risk management is carried out by the full Board of Directors as the Company believes that it is crucial for all board members to be involved in this process. The Executive Chairman, with the assistance of senior management as required, has responsibility for identifying, assessing, treating and monitoring risks and reporting to the board on risk management.

(a) Market risk

(i) Foreign exchange risk

As all operations are currently within Australia, the Company is not exposed to any material foreign exchange risk.

(ii) Commodity price risk

Given the current level of operations the Company is not exposed to commodity price risk.

(iii) Interest rate risk

The Company is exposed to movements in market interest rates on cash and cash equivalents. The Company policy is to monitor the interest rate yield curve out to six months to ensure a balance is maintained between the liquidity of cash assets and the interest rate return. The entire balance of cash and cash equivalents for the Company \$767,202 (2012: \$2,253,057) is subject to interest rate risk. The weighted average interest rate received on cash and cash equivalents by the Company was 4.3% (2012: 3.2%).

Sensitivity analysis

At 30 June 2013, if interest rates had changed by -/+ 100 basis points from the weighted average rate for the year with all other variables held constant, post-tax loss for the Company would have been \$13,848 lower/higher (2012: \$23,492 lower/higher) as a result of lower/ higher interest income from cash and cash equivalents.

2. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Cont'd)

(b) Credit risk

The Company has no significant concentrations of credit risk. The maximum exposure to credit risk at balance date is the carrying amount (net of provision for impairment) of those assets as disclosed in the statement of financial position and notes to the financial statements.

As the Company does not presently have any debtors, lending, significant stock levels or any other credit risk, a formal credit risk management policy is not maintained.

(c) Liquidity risk

The Company manages liquidity risk by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and ensuring sufficient cash and marketable securities are available to meet the current and future commitments of the Company. Due to the nature of the Company's activities, being mineral exploration, the Company does not have ready access to credit facilities, with the primary source of funding being equity raisings. The Board of Directors constantly monitor the state of equity markets in conjunction with the Company's current and future funding requirements, with a view to initiating appropriate capital raisings as required.

The financial liabilities of the Company are confined to trade and other payables as disclosed in the statement of financial position. All trade and other payables are non-interest bearing and due within 12 months of the reporting date. Financial assets mature within 3 months of balance date.

(d) Fair value estimation

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities must be estimated for recognition and measurement or for disclosure purposes. All financial assets and financial liabilities of the Company at the balance date are recorded at amounts approximating their carrying amount due to their short term nature.

30 JUNE 2013	2013	2012
	\$	\$
3. SEGMENT INFORMATION		

For management purposes, the Company has identified only one reportable segment being exploration activities undertaken in Australia. This segment includes activities associated with the determination and assessment of the existence of commercial economic reserves, from the Company's mineral assets in this geographic location.

Segment performance is evaluated based on the operating profit and loss and cash flows and is measured in accordance with the Company's accounting policies.

Exploration segment

Segment revenue Reconciliation of segment revenue to total revenue before tax:	-	-
Interest revenue	59,118	75,977
Total revenue	59,118	75,977
Segment results Reconciliation of segment result to net loss before tax:	(1,088,258)	(521,341)
Other corporate and administration	(302,069)	(282,873)
Net loss before tax	(1,390,327)	(804,214)
Segment operating assets	-	-
Reconciliation of segment operating assets to total assets:		
Other corporate and administration assets	773,396	2,311,733
Total assets	773,396	2,311,733
Segment operating liabilities	4,297	138,944
Reconciliation of segment operating liabilities to total liabilities:		
Other corporate and administration liabilities	12,951	26,314
Total liabilities	17,248	165,258

	2013 \$	2012 \$
4. REVENUE	\$	\$
From continuing operations		
Other revenue		
Interest	59,118	75,977
5. INCOME TAX		
(a) Income tax expense		
Current tax	-	-
Deferred tax	-	-
(b) Numerical reconciliation of income tax expanse to prime facin tax payable	-	-
(b) Numerical reconciliation of income tax expense to prima facie tax payable	(1 200 227)	(004 214)
Loss from continuing operations before income tax expense	(1,390,327)	(804,214)
Prima facie tax benefit at the Australian tax rate of 30%	(417,098)	(241,264
Tax effect of entertainment not deductible in calculating taxable income	84	-
Movements in unrecognised temporary differences	(22,118)	6,416
Tax effect of current period tax losses for which no deferred tax asset has been recognised	439,132	234,848
Income tax expense	-	-
(c) Unrecognised temporary differences		
Deferred Tax Assets (at 30%)		
On Income Tax Account		
Capital raising costs	80,464	108,264
Carry forward tax losses	686,160	248,758
	766,624	357,022
Set off of deferred tax liabilities	(32,015)	(24,736)
Net deferred tax assets	734,609	332,286
Less deferred tax assets not recognised	(734,609)	(332,286
	-	-
Deferred Tax Liabilities (at 30%)		
Tenement acquisition costs	32,015	24,736
Set off against deferred tax assets	(32,015)	(24,736

Net deferred tax assets have not been brought to account as it is not probable within the immediate future that tax profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences and tax losses can be utilised.

The Company's ability to use losses in the future is subject to the Company satisfying the relevant tax authority's criteria for using these losses.

6. CURRENT ASSETS - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash at bank and in hand	56,202	71,975
Short-term deposits	711,000	2,181,082
Cash and cash equivalents as shown in the statement of financial position and the statement of cash flows	767,202	2,253,057
Cash at bank and in hand earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates.		

7. CURRENT ASSETS - TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

GST receivable	965	36,217
Interest receivable	3,078	18,708
	4,043	54,925

	2013	2012
	\$	\$
8. NON-CURRENT ASSETS - PLANT AND EQUIPMENT		
Plant and equipment		
Cost	4,000	4,000
Accumulated depreciation	(1,849)	(249)
Net book amount	2,151	3,751
Plant and equipment		
Opening net book amount	3,751	-
Additions	-	4,000
Depreciation charge	(1,600)	(249)
Closing net book amount	2,151	3,751
9. CURRENT LIABILITIES - TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES		
Trade payables	4,276	121,888
Other payables and accruals	12,972	43,370
	17,248	165,258

10. ISSUED CAPITAL

(a) Share capital 2013 2012 Notes Number of \$ Number of \$ shares shares Ordinary shares fully paid 10(b), 10(d) 26,732,010 2,176,364 26,732,010 2,176,364 Total issued capital 26,732,010 2,176,364 26,732,010 2,176,364 (b) Movements in ordinary share capital Beginning of the financial year 26,732,010 2,176,364 11,750,010 422,602 Issued during the year: - Issued at IPO 14,982,000 2,996,400 _ _ Transaction costs (1,242,638) End of the financial year 26,732,010 2,176,364 26,732,010 2,176,364

(c) Movements in options on issue

	Number of	Number of options		
	2013	2012		
Beginning of the financial year	21,389,800	13,625,000		
Issued, exercisable at 20 cents, on or before 30 June 2015	-	6,764,800		
Issued, exercisable at 19.5 cents, on or before 29 May 2016	-	1,000,000		
End of the financial year	21,389,800	21,389,800		

(d) Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares entitle the holder to participate in dividends and the proceeds on winding up of the Company in proportion to the number of and amounts paid on the shares held.

On a show of hands every holder of ordinary shares present at a meeting in person or by proxy, is entitled to one vote, and upon a poll each share is entitled to one vote.

Ordinary shares have no par value and the Company does not have a limited amount of authorised capital.

(e) Capital risk management

The Company's objectives when managing capital is to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern, so that it may continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders.

10. ISSUED CAPITAL (Cont'd)

Due to the nature of the Company's activities, being mineral exploration, the Company does not have ready access to credit facilities, with the primary source of funding being equity raisings. Therefore, the focus of the Company's capital risk management is the current working capital position against the requirements of the Company to meet exploration programmes and corporate overheads. The Company's strategy is to ensure appropriate liquidity is maintained to meet anticipated operating requirements, with a view to initiating appropriate capital raisings as required. The working capital position of the Company at 30 June 2013 and 30 June 2012 are as follows:

	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Cash and cash equivalents	767,202	2,253,057
Trade and other receivables	4,043	54,925
Trade and other payables	(17,248)	(165,258)
Working capital position	753,997	2,142,724

11. DIVIDENDS

No dividends were paid during the financial year. No recommendation for payment of dividends has been made.

12. KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL DISCLOSURES

(a) Key management personnel compensation		
Short-term benefits	397,769	197,292
Post-employment benefits	10,500	8,100
Other long-term benefits	-	-
Termination benefits	-	-
Share-based payments	-	104,100
	408,269	309,492

Detailed remuneration disclosures are provided in the remuneration report on pages 20 and 21.

(b) Equity instrument disclosures relating to key management personnel

(i) Options provided as remuneration and shares issued on exercise of such options

Details of options provided as remuneration and shares issued on the exercise of such options, together with terms and conditions of the options, can be found in the remuneration report on page 21.

(ii) Option holdings

The numbers of options over ordinary shares in the Company held during the financial year by each director of Goldphyre Resources Limited and other key management personnel of the Company, including their personally related parties, are set out below:

2013	Balance at start of the year	Granted as compensation	Exercised	Other changes	Balance at end of the year	Vested and exercisable	Unvested
Directors of Goldphyre Resources Limited							
Ron Punch	2,000,000	-	-	-	2,000,000	2,000,000	-
Brenton Siggs	3,625,000	-	-		3,625,000	3,625,000	-
Christopher Clegg	2,000,000	-	-		2,000,000	2,000,000	-
Russell Lynton-Brown (resigned 21 January 2013)	2,000,000	-	-		2,000,000(1)	2,000,000	-

(1) Balance held at the date of resignation.

All vested options are exercisable at the end of the year.

2012	Balance at start of the year	Granted as compensation	Exercised	Other changes	Balance at end of the year	Vested and exercisable	Unvested
Directors of Goldphyre Resources Limited							
Ron Punch	1,000,000	1,000,000	-		2,000,000	2,000,000	-
Brenton Siggs	3,625,000	-	-		3,625,000	3,625,000	-
Russell Lynton-Brown	2,000,000	-	-		2,000,000	2,000,000	-
Christopher Clegg	2,000,000	-	-		2,000,000	2,000,000	-
(1) Deleman held at the data of regimentian							

(1) Balance held at the date of resignation.

All vested options are exercisable at the end of the year.

12. KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL DISCLOSURES (Cont'd)

(iii) Shareholdings

The numbers of shares in the company held during the financial year by each director of Goldphyre Resources Limited and other key management personnel of the Company, including their personally related parties, are set out below. There were no shares granted during the reporting period as compensation.

2013		Received during the		
	Balance at start of the year	year on the exercise of options	Other changes during the year	Balance at end of the year
Directors of Goldphyre Resources Limited				
Ordinary shares				
Ron Punch			-	-
Brenton Siggs	7,250,000) -	-	7,250,000
Christopher Clegg	75,000) -	100,000	175,000
Russell Lynton-Brown (resigned 21 January 2013)	60,000) -	-	60,000 ⁽¹⁾
(1) Balance held at the date of resignation.				

2012	Balance at start of the year	Received during the year on the exercise of options	Other changes during the year	Balance at end of the year
Directors of Goldphyre Resources Limited				
Ordinary shares				
Ron Punch	-		-	-
Brenton Siggs	7,250,000) –	-	7,250,000
Russell Lynton-Brown	-		60,000	60,000
Christopher Clegg	-		75,000	75,000

(c) Loans to key management personnel

There were no loans to key management personnel during the year.

(d) Other transactions with key management personnel

Services

Reefus Geology Services, a business controlled by Mr Brenton Siggs, is engaged through an executive service agreement to provide technical geological management services to the Company during the year. The amounts paid were at arms' length and are included as part of Mr Siggs' compensation.

Statewide Tenement Management, a business controlled by Mr Christopher Clegg, provided tenement management services to the Company during the year totalling \$53,986 (2012: \$27,623). The amounts paid were on arms' length commercial terms.

Resminco Pty Ltd, a company associated with Mr Michael Punch (Mr Ron Punch's son), provided corporate advisory services to the Company during the year totalling \$40,080 (2012: \$108,000). The amounts paid were on arms' length commercial terms.

Acquisitions

Goldphyre WA Pty Ltd and the Company entered into a Tenement Sale Agreement dated on or about 13 June 2013 under which the Company would acquire a 100% interest in one tenement for the sum of \$1,100 (GST inclusive).

Mr Brenton Siggs is a director of Goldphyre WA Pty Ltd and ultimately controls a 60% interest in Goldphyre WA Pty Ltd.

Goldphyre WA Pty Ltd and the Company are parties to a sale of Mining Tenements Agreement dated on or about 11 April 2011 under which the Company acquired a 100% interest in 9 Tenements. In consideration, the Company issued the Vendor 7,250,000 ordinary shares and 3,625,000 options (with an exercise price of 20 cents and expiry date of 30 June 2015) during the 2011 financial period. The Company will potentially issue further ordinary shares to the Vendor, refer to note 14.

2013	2012
\$	\$

13. REMUNERATION OF AUDITORS

During the year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditor of the Company, its related practices and non-related audit firms:

(a) Audit services

Bentleys Audit & Corporate (WA) Pty Ltd – audit and review of financial reports	16,000	13,500
Total remuneration for audit services	16,000	13,500
(b) Non-audit services		
Bentleys Audit & Corporate (WA) Pty Ltd – independent accountants report	-	4,000
Total remuneration for other services		4,000

14. CONTINGENCIES

Tenement Acquisition Agreement

Goldphyre WA Pty Ltd ("Vendor") and the Company are parties to a sale of Mining Tenements Agreement dated on or about 11 April 2011 ("Tenement Sale Agreement") under which the Company acquired a 100% interest in 9 Tenements. In consideration, the Company issued the Vendor 7,250,000 ordinary shares and 3,625,000 options (with an exercise price of 20 cents and expiry date of 30 June 2015) during the 2011 financial period. The Company will also issue the Vendor with further ordinary shares in the following circumstances, subject to any necessary regulatory or shareholder approvals:

- a) 2,000,000 ordinary shares upon the Company delineating 250,000 ounces of JORC measured gold or equivalent (as a single commodity) that can be verified as an economic deposit by an independent expert, on a tenement acquired from the Vendor;
- b) 2,000,000 ordinary shares upon the Company delineating a further 250,000 ounces of JORC measured gold or equivalent (as a single commodity) that can be verified as an economic deposit by an independent expert, on a tenement acquired from the Vendor; and
- c) 3,000,000 ordinary shares upon the Company completing a bankable feasibility study in any of the tenements acquired from the Vendor.

Subject to the grant of a waiver in writing from ASX from Condition 10 of Chapter 1 of the Listing Rules the Company agrees to pay the Vendor a 2% net smelter royalty on any mineral won from the tenements acquired from the Vendor.

15. COMMITMENTS

Exploration commitments

The Company has certain commitments to meet minimum expenditure requirements on the mining exploration assets it has an interest in. Outstanding exploration commitments are as follows:

within one year	557,580	338,220
later than one year but not later than five years	632,880	537,720
	1,190,460	875,940

16. EVENTS OCCURRING AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Company, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Company in future financial periods.

17. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(a) Reconciliation of net loss after income tax to net cash outflow from operating activities

Net loss for the year	(1,390,327)	(804,214)
Non Cash Items		
Depreciation of non-current assets	1,600	249
Share-based payments expense	-	104,100
Change in operating assets and liabilities		
Decrease/(increase) in trade and other receivables	50,882	(44,491)
(Decrease)/increase in trade and other payables	(148,010)	155,838
Net cash outflow from operating activities	(1,485,855)	(588,518)

2013	2012
 \$	\$

17. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (cont'd)

(b) Non-cash investing and financing activities

During the financial year ended 30 June 2012, 6,764,800 options exercisable at 20 cents on or before 30 June 2015 were granted as consideration for capital raising fees in accordance with the terms of the IPO Prospectus. These options were valued at \$779,305 (refer note 19(b)) which has been included in share issue transaction costs as part of Issued Capital.

18. LOSS PER SHARE

(a) Reconciliation of earnings used in calculating loss per share

	Number of shares	
	2013	2012
(b) Weighted average number of shares used as the denominator		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used as the denominator in calculating basic and		
diluted loss per share	26,732,010	20,262,021

(c) Information on the classification of options

As the Company has made a loss for the year ended 30 June 2013, all options on issue are considered antidilutive and have not been included in the calculation of diluted earnings per share. These options could potentially dilute basic earnings per share in the future.

19. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

(a) Director Options

The Company has provided benefits to a director of the Company in the form of options as approved at a General Meeting of the Company, constituting a share-based payment transaction. The exercise price of the options granted is 19.5 cents per option. All options granted have an expiry date of 29 May 2016.

Options granted carry no dividend or voting rights. When exercisable, each option is convertible into one ordinary share of the Company with full dividend and voting rights.

Fair value of options granted

There were no options granted during the 2013 financial year. The weighted average fair value of the options granted during the 2012 financial year was 10.4 cents. The price was calculated by using the Black-Scholes European Option Pricing Model applying the following inputs:

	2013	2012
Weighted average exercise price (cents)	-	19.5
Weighted average life of the option (years)	-	4.0
Weighted average underlying share price (cents)	-	13.5
Expected share price volatility	-	127.0%
Risk free interest rate	-	2.60%

Historical volatility has been used as the basis for determining expected share price volatility as it assumed that this is indicative of future trends, which may not eventuate.

(b) Supplier Options

Suppliers have been granted options in accordance with the terms of the IPO prospectus. The exercise price of the options granted is 20 cents with an expiry date of 30 June 2015.

Options granted carry no dividend or voting rights. When exercisable, each option is convertible into one ordinary share in the capital of the company with full dividend and voting rights.

19. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (cont'd)

Fair value of options granted

There were no options granted during the 2013 financial year. The weighted average fair value of the options granted during the 2012 financial year was 11.5 cents. The price was calculated by using the Black-Scholes European Option Pricing Model applying the following inputs:

	2013	2012
Weighted average exercise price (cents)	-	20.0
Weighted average life of the option (years)	-	3.6
Weighted average underlying share price (cents)	-	20.0
Expected share price volatility	-	80%
Risk free interest rate	-	3.24%

Historical volatility has been the basis for determining expected share price volatility as it assumed that this is indicative of future trends, which may not eventuate.

Set out below are summaries of the share-based payment options granted per (a) and (b):

	2013		20	12
	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price cents	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price cents
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	7,764,800	19.9	-	-
Granted	-	-	7,764,800	19.9
Forfeited	-	-	-	-
Exercised	-	-	-	-
Expired	-	-	-	-
Outstanding at year-end	7,764,800	19.9	7,764,800	19.9
Exercisable at year-end	7,764,800	19.9	7,764,800	19.9

The weighted average remaining contractual life of share options outstanding at the end of the period was 2.1 years (2012: 3.1 years), and the exercise prices range from 19.5 cents to 20 cents.

(c) Expenses arising from share-based payment transactions

Total expenses arising from share-based payment transactions recognised during the year were as follows:

	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Options issued to employees shown as share-based payments	-	104,100
Options issued to suppliers as part of share issue transaction costs	-	779,305
	-	883,405

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

In the directors' opinion:

- (a) the financial statements comprising the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of financial position, statement of changes in equity, statement of cash flows and accompanying notes set out on pages 29 to 46 are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
 - (i) complying with Accounting Standards, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
 - (ii) giving a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 30 June 2013 and of its performance for the financial period ended on that date;
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable; and
- (c) a statement that the attached financial statements are in compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards has been included in the notes to the financial statements.

The directors have been given the declarations required by section 295A of the Corporation Act 2001.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.

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Ron Punch Executive Chairman Perth, 9 September 2013

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Goldphyre Resources Limited

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Goldphyre Resources Limited ("the Entity"), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2013, and the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of accounting policies, other explanatory notes and the directors' declaration.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Report

The directors of the Entity are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In Note 1, the directors also state, in accordance with Accounting Standards AASB 101: *Presentation of Financial Statements*, that the financial statements comply with *International Financial Reporting Standards*.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Bentleys Audit & Corporate (WA) Pty Ltd

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Independent Auditor's Report



To the Members of Goldphyre Resources Limited (Continued)

Independence

In conducting our audit, we followed applicable independence requirements of Australian professional ethical pronouncements and the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Auditor's Opinion

In our opinion:

- The financial report of Goldphyre Resources Limited is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - giving a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position as at 30 June 2013 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - ii. complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
- b. The financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in Note 1.

Emphasis of Matter

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note 1 in the financial report which indicates that the Entity incurred a net loss of \$1,390,327 during the year ended 30 June 2013. This condition, along with other matters as set forth in Note 1, indicate the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt about the ability of the Entity to continue as a going concern and whether it will realise its assets and extinguish its liabilities in the normal course of business and at the amounts stated in the financial report.

Report on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2013. The directors of the Entity are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

Auditor's Opinion

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Goldphyre Resources Limited for the year ended 30 June 2013, complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

entleys

BENTLEYS Chartered Accountants

DATED at PERTH this 9th day of September 2013

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DOUG BELL CA Director

ASX ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Additional information required by Australian Stock Exchange Ltd and not shown elsewhere in this report is as follows. The information is current as at 17 October 2013.

(a) Distribution of equity securities

Analysis of numbers of equity security holders by size of holding:

			Ordinary	shares
			Number of holders	Number of shares
1	-	1,000	2	501
1,001	-	5,000	7	29,000
5,001	-	10,000	170	1,680,962
10,001	-	100,000	154	6,781,681
100,001	-	and over	39	20,909,866
			372	29,402,010
The number o	of shareho	lders holding less than a marketable parcel of shares are:	198	1,980,089

(b) Twenty largest shareholders

The names of the twenty largest holders of quoted ordinary shares are:

		Listed ordin	nary shares
		Number of shares	Percentage of ordinary shares
1	Goldphyre WA Pty Ltd	7,250,000	24.66
2	Global Dor Pty Ltd	3,000,000	10.20
3	Resminco Pty Ltd	1,005,000	3.42
4	KGBR Future Fund Pty Ltd	1,000,000	3.40
5	Andrew Kar Wai Miu	860,000	2.92
5	AWD Consultants Pty Ltd <stevens a="" c="" f="" s=""></stevens>	700,000	2.38
7	I V Wickens & J A Wickens < Ian Wickens PL Super A/C>	500,000	1.70
3	Dead Knick Pty Ltd	500,000	1.70
)	Mandarin Securities Limited	500,000	1.70
0	St Barnabas Investments Pty Ltd <melvista a="" c="" fam=""></melvista>	350,000	1.19
1	Cen Pty Ltd	350,000	1.19
2	Kijenia Pty Ltd <kijenia a="" c="" f="" s=""></kijenia>	300,000	1.02
3	Associated Strategic Consultancy Pty Ltd	300,000	1.02
4	Paticoa Nominees Pty Ltd <settlement a="" c=""></settlement>	280,000	0.95
5	DF Lynton-Brown Pty Ltd <s a="" c="" f=""></s>	250,000	0.85
6	Monex Boom Securities (HK) Ltd <clients accounts=""></clients>	245,356	0.83
17	Elaine Vera Stewart	200,000	0.68
8	Felicity Jane Dixon	200,000	0.68
19	Kazac Pty Ltd <kazac a="" c="" svc=""></kazac>	200,000	0.68
20	P J Jones & P M Davey	200,000	0.68
		18,190,356	61.85

(c) Substantial shareholders

The names of substantial shareholders who have notified the Company in accordance with section 671B of the Corporations Act 2001 are:

	Number of Shares
Goldphyre Resources WA Pty Ltd	7,250,000
Global Dor Pty Ltd	3,000,000

(d) Voting rights

All ordinary shares (whether fully paid or not) carry one vote per share without restriction.

(e) Schedule of interests in mining tenements

Location	Tenement	Percentage held / earning
Gambier Lass North, Western Australia	EL37/1140	100
Gambier Lass South, Western Australia	PL37/8250	100
Gambier Lass South, Western Australia	PL37/8251	100
Gambier Lass South, Western Australia	PL37/8252	100
Gambier Lass South, Western Australia	PL37/8253	100
Gambier Lass South, Western Australia	PL37/8254	100
Gambier Lass South, Western Australia	PL37/8255	100
Gambier Lass South, Western Australia	PL37/8256	100
Gambier Lass South, Western Australia	PL37/8257	100
Gambier Lass South, Western Australia	PL37/8258	100
Gambier Lass South, Western Australia	PL37/8259	100
Gambier Lass South, Western Australia	PL37/8260	100
Gambier Lass South, Western Australia	PL37/8261	100
Gambier Lass South, Western Australia	PL37/8262	100
Gambier Lass South, Western Australia	PL37/8263	100
Gambier Lass South, Western Australia	PL37/8264	100
Gambier Lass South, Western Australia	PL37/8265	100
Gambier Lass South, Western Australia	PL37/8266	100
Gambier Lass South, Western Australia	PL37/8267	100
Gambier Lass South, Western Australia	PL37/8276	100
Gambier Lass South, Western Australia	PL37/8277	100
Gambier Lass South, Western Australia	PL37/8330	100
Gambier Lass South, Western Australia	PL37/8331	100
Gambier Lass South, Western Australia	PL37/8332	100
Gambier Lass South, Western Australia	PL37/8333	100
Gambier Lass South, Western Australia	PL37/8336	100
Gambier Lass South, Western Australia	PL37/8337	100
Iguana, Western Australia	E16/0447	100
Island View, Western Australia	E15/1049	100
Island View, Western Australia	E15/1050	100
Island View, Western Australia	PL15/5647	100
Kilkenny, Western Australia	E39/1702	100
Kilkenny, Western Australia	PL39/5310	100
Kilkenny, Western Australia	PL39/5311	100
Kilkenny, Western Australia	PL39/5312	100
Kilkenny, Western Australia	PL39/5313	100
Kilkenny, Western Australia	PL39/5310	100
Kilkenny, Western Australia	PL39/5314	100
Kilkenny, Western Australia	PL39/5315	100
Kilkenny, Western Australia	PL39/5316	100
Kilkenny, Western Australia	PL39/5317	100
Kilkenny, Western Australia	PL39/5318	100
Kilkenny, Western Australia	PL39/5319	100
Kilkenny, Western Australia	PL39/5320	100
Kilkenny, Western Australia	PL39/5321	100
Kilkenny, Western Australia	PL39/5322	100
Kilkenny, Western Australia	PL39/5323	100
Kilkenny, Western Australia	PL39/5324	100

ASX ADDITIONAL INFORMATION Cont.

(e) Schedule of interests in mining tenements (cont'd)

Location	Tenement	Percentage held / earning
Kilkenny, Western Australia	PL39/5325	100
Kilkenny, Western Australia	PL39/5326	100
Kilkenny, Western Australia	PL39/5327	100
Kilkenny, Western Australia	PL39/5328	100
Kilkenny, Western Australia	PL39/5329	100
Laverton Downs, Western Australia	E38/2724	100
Mailman Hill, Western Australia	E37/0990	100
Mailman Hill, Western Australia	E37/7877	100
Lake Wells, Western Australia	E38/1903	100
Lake Wells, Western Australia	E38/2113	100
Lake Wells, Western Australia	E38/2114	100
Lake Wells, Western Australia	E38/2505	100
Yamarna, Western Australia	E38/1949	100

(f) Restricted Securities

The number of restricted securities on issue are:

Class	Number of Restricted Securities	Date Escrow Period Ends
Ordinary Fully Paid Shares	8,500,000	20 December 2013
Unlisted 20 cent Options, Expiry 30 June 2015	20,389,800	20 December 2013

(g) Unquoted Securities

			Holders of 20% or more of the class			
Class	Number of Securities	Number of Holders	Holder Name	Number of Securities		
Fully Paid Ordinary Shares	8,500,000	3	Goldphyre WA Pty Ltd	7,250,000		
Unlisted 20 cent Options, Expiry 30 June 2015	20,389,800	31	Resminco Pty Ltd	5,000,000		
Unlisted 19.5 cent Options, Expiry 29 May 2016	1,000,000	1	Tretheway Pty Ltd <the Westralian Trading A/C></the 	1,000,000		

APPENDICES

APPENDIX 1: DRILL COLLARS

Hole_ID	Hole_Type	GDA_N	GDA_E	DIP	AZIMUTH	RL	Depth
LGRC001	RC	6989450	501895	60	270	450	80
LGRC002	RC	6989451	501936	60	270	450	80
LGRC003	RC	6989449	501970	60	270	451	108
LGRC004	RC	6989452	502017	60	270	452	102
LGRC005	RC	6989451	502176	60	270	452	81
LGRC006	RC	6989494	501914	60	90	452	79
LGRC007	RC	6989497	501875	60	90	454	102
LGRC008	RC	6989849	500216	60	90	457	78
LGRC009	RC	6989849	500294	60	90	461	78
LGRC010	RC	6989114	501537	60	270	458	90
LGRC011	RC	6989111	501597	60	270	457	100
LGRC012	RC	6989113	501657	60	270	456	100
LGRC013	RC	6989115	501578	60	270	448	114
LGRC014	RC	6989115	501617	60	270	447	168
LGRC015	RC	6989121	501492	60	90	450	168
LGRC016	RC	6989115	501446	60	90	452	120
LGRC017	RC	6989075	501575	60	270	451	144
LGRC018	RC	6989075	501615	60	270	451	168
LGRC019	RC	6989155	501570	60	270	451	114
LGRC020	RC	6989155	501477	65	90	443	168
LGRC021	RC	6989152	501607	60	270	448	150
LGRC022	RC	6989299	501600	60	90	448	100
LGRC023	RC	6989299	501560	60	90	450	100
LGRC024	RC	6989302	501519	60	90	451	114
LGRC025	RC	6989304	501480	60	90	448	120
LGAC056	AC	6989627	501437	90	0	455	42
LGAC057	AC	6989625	501515	90	0	460	20
LGAC058	AC	6989624	501598	90	0	456	36
LGAC059	AC	6989621	501679	90	0	454	36
LGAC060	AC	6989621	501756	90	0	454	51
LGAC061	AC	6989620	501838	90	0	455	48
LGAC062	AC	6989622	501922	90	0	457	40
LGAC063	AC	6989621	501999	90	0	458	36
LGAC064	AC	6989625	502078	90	0	453	36
LGAC065	AC	6989624	502160	90	0	452	36
LGAC066	AC	6989621	502239	90	0	458	40
LGAC067	AC	6989782	502400	90	0	454	42
LGAC068	AC	6989787	502237	90	0	450	47
LGAC069	AC	6989791	502081	90	0	451	40
LGAC070	AC	6989787	501918	90	0	454	46
LGAC071	AC	6989791	501752	90	0	458	42
LGAC072	AC	6989785	501599	90	0	452	39
LGAC073	AC	6989789	501438	90	0	457	32
LGAC074	AC	6989307	501602	90	0	462	32
LGAC075	AC	6989299	501516	90	0	452	28
LGAC076	AC	6989301	501439	90	0	454	30
LGAC077	AC	6989302	501362	90	0	456	36
LGAC078	AC	6989303	501282	90	0	454	34
LGAC079	AC	6988958	501718	90	0	453	40
LGAC080	AC	6988959	501639	90	0	453	40
LGAC081	AC	6988963	501556	90	0	457	54
LGAC082	AC	6988964	501481	90	0	454	51
LGAC082	AC	6988964	501396	90	0	457	42
LGAC085	AC	6989153	501802	90	0	457	34

APPENDICES Cont.

LGAC085	AC	6989182	501905	90	0	451	42
LGAC086	AC	6989301	502043	90	0	456	36
LGAC087	AC	6989303	502121	90	0	458	42
LGAC088	AC	6989361	502210	90	0	459	36
LGAC089	AC	6989300	502300	90	0	459	38
LGAC090	AC	6989651	503006	90	0	453	73
LGAC091	AC	6989772	503408	90	0	458	48
LGAC092	AC	6989624	503851	90	0	456	48
LGAC093	AC	6984827	504402	90	0	458	52
LGAC094	AC	6989211	505261	90	0	462	53
LGAC095	AC	6989208	505338	90	0	463	55
LGAC096	AC	6988300	505907	90	0	459	36
LGAC097	AC	6988305	505831	90	0	458	36
LGAC098	AC	6988197	505570	90	0	455	44
LGAC098	AC	6988148	505532	90	0	457	72
LGAC099	AC	6988130	505491	90	0	457	54
LGAC100	AC	6988140	505689	90	0	458	46
LGAC101	AC			90	0	452	40
		6988140	505608				
LGAC103	AC	6988045	505559	90	0	454	48
LGAC104	AC	6984429	501401	90	0	445	66
LGAC105	AC	6984447	501060	90	0	456	65
LGAC106	AC	6983230	503490	90	0	449	42
LGAC107	AC	6983277	503402	90	0	452	54
LGAC108	AC	6989029	501427	60	270	453	60
LGAC109	AC	6989030	501499	60	270	447	60
LGAC110	AC	6989231	501500	60	270	448	54
LGAC111	AC	6989220	501540	60	270	441	66
LGAC112	AC	6989230	501580	60	270	447	66
LGAC113	AC	6989431	501604	60	90	448	66
LGAC114	AC	6989434	501522	60	90	447	66
LGAC115	AC	6989430	501441	60	90	455	66
LGAC116	AC	6989463	501201	60	90	452	54
LGAC117	AC	6989462	501152	60	90	453	60
LGAC118	AC	6989464	501117	60	90	445	54
LGAC119	AC	6989850	501380	90	0	455	60
LGAC120	AC	6989849	501377	90	0	450	60
LGAC121	AC	6989857	501300	90	0	443	72
LGAC122	AC	6989778	501894	90	0	453	72
LGAC123	AC	6989783	501999	90	0	449	60
LGAC124	AC	6989788	502047	90	0	447	60
LGAC125	AC	6989618	502283	90	0	453	72
LGAC126	AC	6989626	502209	90	0	454	60
LGAC127	AC	6989520	502162	90	0	455	48
LGAC128	AC	6989524	502122	90	0	443	54
LGAC129	AC	6989527	502083	90	0	440	54
LGAC130	AC	6989523	502045	90	0	447	66
LGAC131	AC	6989448	502263	90	0	451	66
LGAC132	AC	6989448	502340	90	0	450	60
LGAC133	AC	6989452	502419	90	0	449	90
LGAC134	AC	6989366	502239	90	0	457	48
LGAC135	AC	6989369	502170	90	0	452	48
LGAC136	AC	6989034	501657	90	0	442	60
LGAC137	AC	6989033	501581	60	270	450	66

All holes -60 angled or -90 verticl, RC Face Sampling Hammer or AC Blade method.

Datum: GDA94 Zone S1 Co-ordinate system

Hole	Hole Type	Northing(m)	Easting(m)	Dip	Azimuth	Inte	rval	Width(m)	Gold (g/t)	Hole Depth (m)
						From (m)	To(m)			
LGRC003	RC	6989449	501970	-60	270	41	42	1	4.51	108
LGRC011	RC	6989111	501597	-60	270	94	100	6	3.46	100
					incl.	96	97	1	1.72	
					incl.	99	100	1*	19.73	
LGRC013	RC	6989115	501578	-60	270	18	19	1	1.26	114
						20	24	4	0.32*	
						69	72	3	1.16	
						92	96	4	2.03	
						96	97	1	0.37	
LGRC014	RC	6989115	501617	-60	270	53	55	2	0.60	168
						153	156	3	0.28	
						165	166	1	0.21	
LGRC015	RC	6989121	501492	-60	90	39	43	4	0.87	168
						48	49	1	0.74	
						84	85	1	0.62	
						87	94	7	0.25	
						104	105	1	0.22	
						108	124	16	1.08	
					incl.	117	118	1	1.31	
					incl.	121	122	1	10.63	
						125	132	7	0.20	
						142	149	7	0.58	
					incl.	147	148	1	1.71	
						150	155	5	0.39	
LGRC016	RC	6989115	501446	-60	90	63	66	3	0.48	120
						97	99	2	0.69	
LGRC017	RC	6989075	501575	-60	270	63	64	1	0.30	144
						68	72	4	2.26*	
						78	79	1	2.77	
						88	91	3	0.67	
					incl.	88	89	1	1.11	
						131	135	4	1.01	
	DC	6000075	501615	<i>c</i> 0	incl.	131	132	1	3.14	160
LGRC018	RC	6989075	501615	-60	270	151	152	1	0.51	168
LGRC019	RC	6989155	501570	-60	270	48	56	8	0.31	114
LGRC020	RC	6989155	501477	-65	90	116	120	4	3.90	168
					incl.	118	119	1	12.32	
					in al	124	130	6	0.58	
					incl.	128	129	1	1.81	
						132	133	1	0.96	
					incl.	141 141	148 142	7	0.40 1.17	
LGRC021	RC	6989152	501607	-60	270	96	99	1	0.50	150
LURCUZI	πL	201602127	100100	-00	270	96 108	99 115			150
					incl.	108	115	7 2	1.19 2.01	
						113	114		2.01	
					incl.	113	114	1 9	0.33	
						117	126	4	0.33	
I CPC022	RC	6000000	501600	-60	90	65	66			100
LGRC022	RC	6989299	501600 501560		90			1	0.28	100
LGRC023	ĸL	6989299	501560	-60		25	27	2	1.56 2.80	100
					incl.	25	26	1		
						46	48	2	0.47	
	DC	6090303	501510	60	00	48	56	8	0.21*	114
LGRC024	RC	6989302	501519	-60	90	32	36	4	0.23*	114

APPENDIX 2: AIR CORE (AC) AND REVERSE CIRCULATION (RC) DRILL RESULTS

APPENDICES Cont.

						61	64	3	0.65	
					incl.	62	63	1	1.37	
						100	102	2	0.27	
LGRC025	RC	6989304	501480	-60	90	21	29	8	1.08	120
					incl.	21	23	2	1.72	
					incl.	26	27	1	3.55	
						42	44	2	2.25	
						117	118	1	0.24	

Datum: GDA94 Zone 51 Co-ordinate system with collar pickup by hand-held GPS Garmin 60, Hole Inclination by clinometer and azimuth by compass.

Note 1: 1m split sample except where denoted * for previously released nominal 4m composite sample

The average value was used in the case of additional 1m repeat assays and/or 1m sample duplicate assays received from the assay laboratory.

Note 2: 1m RC split intercepts calculated with 0.20 g/t Au lower cut, no upper cut and maximum 2m internal dilution. 1m RC split samples were collected by rig-mounted rotary splitter directly off rig at time of drilling and nominal 4m RC composite samples were collected by PVC spear or scoop. Samples delivered to Bureau Veritas Kalassay Lab, Kalgoorlie for 40g Fire Assay Digest with ICPMS Finish (FA40_ICPMS). Selective 20g Fire Assay Digest (FA20_ICPMS) and 1kg BLEG assaying completed as alternative assay technique QA/QC checks on 1m samples within acceptable limits of FA40_ICPMS assaying (Detection Limit – 1ppb Au).

Hole	Hole Type	Northing(m)	Easting(m)	Dip	Azimuth	Inter	rval	Width(m)	Gold (g/t)	Hole Depth (m)
LGAC074	AC	6989307	501602	90	-	27	30	3	0.45	32
					incl.	29	30	1	1.10	
LGAC075	AC	6989299	501516	90	-	16	21	5	0.29	28
						24	25	1	0.19	
						27	28	1	0.11	
LGAC088	AC	6989361	502210	90	-	33	34	1	0.11	36
						From (m)	To(m)			
LGAC110	AC	6989231	501500	60	270	24	26	2	0.39	54
LGAC111	AC	6989220	501540	60	270	20	24	4	0.13*	66
						36	40	2	0.18	
						48	52	4	0.64	
					incl.	49	50	1	2.01	
LGAC112	AC	6989230	501580	60	270	14	15	1	0.59	66
						20	21	1	0.11	
						24	25	1	0.92	
						34	38	4	1.53	
					incl.	34	35	1	2.97	
					incl.	36	37	1	2.54	
						45	48	3	0.92	
					incl.	45	46	1	1.50	
LGAC114	AC	6989434	501522	60	90	40	44	4	0.25*	66
LGAC119	AC	6989850	501380	90	0	36	40	4	0.10*	60
LGAC120	AC	6989849	501377	90	0	36	38	2	1.39	60
					incl.	36	37	1	2.54	
LGAC124	AC	6989788	502047	90	0	36	40	4	0.11*	60
LGAC131	AC	6989448	502263	90	0	45	48	3	0.92	66
					incl.	45	46	1	1.50	
LGAC133	AC	6989452	502419	90	0	64	66	2	0.38*	90
LGAC137	AC	6989033	501581	60	270	20	30	10	0.36	66
					incl.	25	26	1	1.61	
						33	41	8	0.24	
						52	57	5	0.45	
					incl.	55	56	1	1.70	

Datum: GDA94 Zone 51 Co-ordinate system with collar pickup by hand-held GPS Garmin 60, Hole Inclination by clinometer and azimuth by compass.

Note 1: 1m split sample except where denoted * for previously released nominal 4m composite sample

The average value was used in the case of additional 1m repeat assays and/or 1m sample duplicate assays received from the assay laboratory.

Note 2: 1m AC split intercepts calculated with 0.20 g/t Au lower cut, no upper cut and maximum 2m internal dilution. Nominal 4m AC composite samples and 1m AC split samples were collected by PVC spear or scoop. Samples delivered to Bureau Veritas Kalassay Lab, Kalgoorlie for 40g Fire Assay Digest with ICPMS Finish (FA40_ICPMS). Selective 20g Fire Assay Digest (FA20_ICPMS) and 1kg BLEG assaying completed as alternative assay technique QA/QC checks on 1m samples within acceptable limits of FA40_ICPMS assaying (Detection Limit – 1ppb Au)

APPENDIX 3: GEOCHEMISTRY RESULTS

LAKE WELLS NW1 Prospect - Rock-chip sampling (Samples >100 ppb gold)

SITE ID	GDA_N	GDA_E	Au_ppb	Description
GMGS012	6991174	500410	273	vein quartz with minor pyrite
GMGS013	6991174	500410	677	vein quartz with minor pyrite
GMGS014	6991165	500407	1560	vein quartz with minor pyrite
GMGS015	6991165	500407	459	vein quartz with minor pyrite

Datum: GDA94 Zone 51 Co-ordinate system with sample pickup by hand-held GPS Garmin 60.

Note: Rockchips 2-3 kg sample weight collected by pick from approximate 10m2 surface area and delivered to Bureau Veritas Kalassay Lab, Kalgoorlie for 40g Aqua Regia Digest with ICPMS Finish (AR40_ICPMS). (Detection Limit – 1ppb Au)

KILKENNY PROJECT - Rock-chip/Historic hole sampling

SampleID	Northing	Easting	Au_AVG	As	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ni	Comments
	(m)	(m)	(ppb)	(ppm)	(ppm)	(ppm)	(ppm)	(ppm)	
KKGB002	6790457	383595	1	5	5	2	6	6	quartz vein rubble on surface
KKGB003	6789797	384275	11	12	122	2	101	213	Saprolite from historic drillhole
KKGB004	6789797	384259	10	7	148	2	72	401	Weathered ultramafic chips from historic hole
KKGB005	6790100	384251	6	20	100	2	86	109	Saprolite from historic hole
KKGB006	6789947	386882	236	29	90	10	131	59	weathered basalt with limonite staining beside shaft
KKGB007	6789963	386896	2565	5	10	6	1	6	brecciated vein quartz material from beside shaft
KKGB008	6789983	386898	32384	5	28	62	19	8	blue laminated quartz vein beside shaft
KKGB009	6790190	386969	78	5	41	2	4	9	10 metres zone of vein quartz rubble on surface
KKGB010	6789110	389340	60	5	54	2	14	25	saprock with minor vein quartz from historic hole sample
KKGB011	6789643	389641	117	5	34	8	60	20	saprock with minor vein quartz from historic hole sample

Datum: GDA94 Zone 51 Co-ordinate system with sample pickup by hand-held GPS Garmin 60.

Note: Rockchips 2-3 kg sample weight collected by pick from approximate 10m2 surface area and delivered to Bureau Veritas Kalassay Lab, Kalgoorlie for 40g Fire Assay Digest (FA40_ICPMS). (Detection Limit : Au – 1 ppb. Cu : 2ppm, Pb : 2 ppm, Zn : 1 ppm, As : 5 ppm)

LAVERTON DOWNS PROJECT - Rock-chip/Historic hole sampling

SampleID	Northing	Easting	Au_AVG	As	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ni	Comments
	(m)	(m)	(ppb)	(ppm)	(ppm)	(ppm)	(ppm)	(ppm)	
LDGB001	6852349	443895	41	41	10	2	5	4	banded chert outcrop
LDGB002	6852336	443900	16	106	38	10	31	28	weathered chips from historic hole
LDGB003	6852336	443663	9	10	15	3	15	1259	talc rich ultramafic in historic hole
LDGB004	6852528	443621	33	9	5	2	8	1818	talc rich ultramafic in historic hole
LDGB005	6852537	443973	19	151	37	5	35	21	ferrugious chert outcrop
LDGB006	6852483	443957	7	139	26	5	11	13	ferrugious chert and volcanics outcrop
LDGB007	6852528	443969	5	133	92	4	47	34	weathered siltstone subcrop
LDGB008	6853142	443933	10	80	141	68	90	70	gossanous material
LDGB009	6853209	443954	3	146	149	40	142	82	sheared and oxidised saprolite with weathered out pyrite?
LDGB010	6853272	443981	3	113	156	320	152	67	gossanous material
LDGB011	6853272	443976	36	384	245	1204	483	67	chlorite rich weathered saprolite subcrop
LDGB012	6853272	443986	3	62	122	93	121	92	strongly sheared saprolite
LDGB013	6853375	444017	9	26	52	10	39	73	ox poss Au with abundant FeO and MnO vnlets
LDGB014	6853651	444107	9	19	33	33	28	15	calcrete horizon compare with historic soil values
LDGB015	6853147	444033	3	<5	7	<2	1	8	10m long brecciated q reef subcrop with styolites
LDGB016	6853109	443891	2	10	62	<2	59	343	historic RAB hole with ultramafic
LDGB017	683114	443957	27	14	64	3	102	277	historic RAB hole with ultramafic
LDGB018	6853120	444005	15	33	64	19	178	181	historic RAB hole with ultramafic
LDGB019	6853116	444075	23	30	87	5	92	170	historic RAB hole with ultramafic
LDGB020	6853118	444094	13	25	95	11	101	160	historic RAB hole with ultramafic
LDGB021	6853104	444124	7	16	104	24	108	163	historic RAB hole with basalt
LDGB022	6853105	444157	5	12	97	<2	97	150	historic RAB hole with siltstone
LDGB023	6853114	444216	25	8	111	<2	85	137	historic RAB hole with siltstone

APPENDICES Cont.

SampleID	Northing	Easting	Au_AVG	As	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ni	Comments
	(m)	(m)	(ppb)	(ppm)	(ppm)	(ppm)	(ppm)	(ppm)	
LDGB024	6853114	444246	6	5	116	2	113	164	weathered ultramafic in historic hole
LDGB025	6853120	444104	2	5	1	2	2	5	vein quartz subcrop
LDGB026	6857676	444472	2	17	96	2	87	135	mafic chips from historic hole
LDGB027	6857676	444472	2	8	116	2	44	77	ultramafic with minor quartz veining from historic hole
LDGB028	6852092	443531	2	20	98	6	84	85	mafic chips from historic hole
LDGB029	6852092	443524	39	46	150	356	153	60	gossan adjacent historic hole
LDGB030	6856332	443695	<1	2	4	1	6	5	quartz reef
LDGB031	6856356	443410	<1	8	73	7	68	100	historic RAB hole saprock
LDGB032	6856712	443093	<1	2	55	4	22	72	banded gossan like subcrop
LDGB033	6851392	443934	25	68	6	12	14	0	laminated folded sedimentary rock
LDGB034	6851444	443939	13	33	5	17	7	4	faulted and folded chert

Datum: GDA94 Zone 51 Co-ordinate system with sample pickup by hand-held GPS Garmin 60.

Note: Rockchips 2-3 kg sample weight collected by pick from approximate 10m2 surface area and delivered to Bureau Veritas Kalassay Lab, Kalgoorlie for 40g Fire Assay Digest (FA40_ICPMS). (Detection Limit : Au – 1 ppb. Cu : 2ppm, Pb : 2 ppm, Zn : 1 ppm, As : 5 ppm)

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION TO REMUNERATION REPORT

In addition to the audited information contained in the Remuneration Report included within the Annual Report, the Directors believe the unaudited financial information contained in the following table will be beneficial to shareholders in understanding the salary and fees paid during the 2013 financial year.

	\$
Director fees paid for the 2013 financial year:	
Ron Punch	50,000
Brenton Siggs	33,333
Christopher Clegg	33,333
Russell Lynton-Brown (resigned 21 January 2013)	20,000
Total	136,666
Other fees paid to Reefus Geology Services (a business controlled by Brenton Siggs) for the 2013 financial year:	
Exploration management services	224,715
Geological services: safety/technical/environment	11,403
Geological services: 4WD vehicle hire	5,355
Geological services: Sked/safety monitoring	1,500
Geological services: Data entry	2,600
Geological services: consumables	15,531
Total	261,103

Effective from 1 July 2013, the Board resolved to reduce director fees to \$20,000 per annum for each Director, pending recapitalisation of the Company.





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