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Corporate Governance Plan

Rev	Date	Description	By	Reviewed	Approved
A	23/09/2021	Issued for Use	M Blandford	M Shackleton	Board of Directors
B	15/09/2022	Issued for Use	M Blandford	M Shackleton	Board of Directors

1. INTRODUCTION

In fulfilling its obligations and responsibilities to various stakeholders, the Board of Directors (**Board**) of Australian Potash Limited (**APC** or the **Company**) advocates the adoption of and adherence to a framework of rules, relationships, systems and processes within and by which authority is exercised and controlled within the Company. This Plan outlines the Company's principal corporate governance procedures. The Board supports a system of corporate governance to ensure that the management of the Company is conducted in a manner which is directed at achieving the Company's objectives in a proper and ethical manner.

Except to the extent indicated in this document and in the Company's subsequent Annual Reports and annual Corporate Governance Statements, the Company has resolved that for so long as it is admitted to the official list of the ASX it shall abide by the ASX Corporate Governance Council Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (**ASX Recommendations**) where applicable. The Board may from time to time determine to depart from the ASX Recommendations in certain particulars having regard to the circumstances of the Company, including its size, stage of development and other material factors.

The documents forming this Plan have been adopted on the basis that, in the circumstances of the Company, they reflect what is considered to be reasonable aspiration. Their object is to focus attention upon the issues they address and create awareness of those issues and the pitfalls that one could otherwise fall into inadvertently. This is to develop a culture conducive to good practices. Adhering to the contained documents is a condition of each contract of employment issued by the Company.

The Board encourages all key management personnel, other employees, contractors, consultants and other stakeholders to monitor compliance with this *Corporate Governance Plan*, especially in relation to observable departures from the intent of the policies. Suggestions for improvements or amendments to this *Corporate Governance Plan* can be made at any time by providing a written note to the Company Secretary

2. ASX RECOMMENDATIONS

The fourth edition of the ASX Recommendations was released in February 2019 and requires adoption for the first full financial year commencing on or after 1 January 2020.

2.1 Principle 1: Lay solid foundations for management and oversight

A listed entity should clearly delineate the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management and regularly review their performance.

Recommendations

- 1.1. A listed entity should have and disclose a board charter setting out:
 - (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and
 - (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.
- 1.2. A listed entity should:
 - (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a director or senior executive or putting someone forward for election as a director; and

- (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.
- 1.3. A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.
- 1.4. The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.
- 1.5. A listed entity should:
 - (a) have and disclose a diversity policy;
 - (b) through its board or a committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and
 - (c) disclose in relation to each reporting period:
 - 1) the measurable objectives set for that period to achieve gender diversity;
 - 2) the entity's progress towards achieving those objectives; and
 - 3) either:
 - A. the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole workforce (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or
 - B. if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the *Workplace Gender Equality Act*, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act.
- 1.6. A listed entity should:
 - (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and
 - (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.
- 1.7. A listed entity should:
 - (a) have and disclose a process for evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and
 - (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.

2.2 Principle 2: Structure the board to add value

The board of a listed entity should be of an appropriate size and collectively have the skills, commitment and knowledge of the entity and the industry in which it operates, to enable it to discharge its duties effectively and to add value.

Recommendations

- 2.1. The board of a listed entity should:
- (a) have a nomination committee which:
 - 1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and
 - 2) is chaired by an independent director;and disclose
 - 3) the charter of the committee;
 - 4) the members of the committee; and
 - 5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or
 - (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.
- 2.2. A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.
- 2.3. A listed entity should disclose:
- (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors;
 - (b) if a director has an interest, position or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and
 - (c) the length of service of each director.
- 2.4. A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.
- 2.5. The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.
- 2.6. A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.

2.3 Principle 3: Instill a culture of acting lawfully, ethically and responsibly

A listed entity should instil and continually reinforce a culture across the organisation of acting lawfully and responsibly.

Recommendations

- 3.1. A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.
- 3.2. A listed entity should:
 - (a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and
 - (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code.
- 3.3. A listed entity should:
 - (a) have and disclose a whistleblower policy; and
 - (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.
- 3.4. A listed entity should:
 - (a) have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and
 - (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that policy.

2.4 Principle 4: Safeguard the integrity of corporate reports

A listed entity should have appropriate processes to verify the integrity of its corporate reports.

Recommendations

- 4.1. The board of a listed entity should:
 - (a) have an audit committee which:
 - 1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and
 - 2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose:
 - 3) the charter of the committee;
 - 4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and
 - 5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or
 - (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.
- 4.2. The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting

standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.

- 4.3. A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.

2.5 Principle 5: Make timely and balanced disclosure

A listed entity should make timely and balanced disclosure of all matters concerning it that a reasonable person would expect to have a material effect on the price or value of its securities.

Recommendations

- 5.1. A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.
- 5.2. A listed entity should ensure its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.
- 5.3. A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.

2.6 Principle 6: Respect the rights of security holders

A listed entity should provide its security holders with appropriate information and facilities to allow them to exercise their rights as security holders effectively.

Recommendations

- 6.1. A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.
- 6.2. A listed entity should have an investor relations program that facilitates effective two-way communication with investors.
- 6.3. A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.
- 6.4. A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided on a poll rather than by a show of hands.
- 6.5. A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.

2.7 Principle 7: Recognise and manage risk

A listed entity should establish a sound risk management framework and periodically review the effectiveness of that framework.

Recommendations

- 7.1. The board of a listed entity should:
 - (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which:

- 1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and
 - 2) is chaired by an independent director,
and disclose:
 - 3) the charter of the committee;
 - 4) the members of the committee; and
 - 5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or
 - (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.
- 7.2. The board or a committee of the board should:
- (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the board; and
 - (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.
- 7.3. A listed entity should disclose:
- (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or
 - (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its governance, risk management and internal control processes.
- 7.4. A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.

2.8 Principle 8: Remunerate fairly and responsibly

A listed entity should pay director remuneration sufficient to attract and retain high quality directors and design its executive remuneration to attract, retain and motivate high quality senior executives and to align their interests with the creation of value for security holders and with the entity's values and risk appetite.

Recommendations

- 8.1. The board of a listed entity should:
- (a) have a remuneration committee which:
 - 1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and
 - 2) is chaired by an independent director,
and disclose:

- 3) the charter of the committee;
 - 4) the members of the committee; and
 - 5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or
- (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.
- 8.2. A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.
- 8.3. A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration should:
- (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and
 - (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.

3. LIST OF ADOPTED CHARTERS, CODES & POLICIES

Together with the Company's Constitution, the following charters and policies have been adopted by the Company to achieve a high standard of corporate governance:

• <i>Board Charter</i>	<i>APC-CP-BG-CT-0001</i>
• <i>Audit Committee Charter</i>	<i>APC-CP-BG-CT-0002</i>
• <i>Remuneration & Nomination Committee Charter</i>	<i>APC-CP-BG-CT-0003</i>
• <i>Risk & Sustainability Committee Charter</i>	<i>APC-CP-BG-CT-0004</i>
• <i>Code of Conduct</i>	<i>APC-CP-BG-CO-0001</i>
• <i>Securities Trading Policy</i>	<i>APC-CP-BG-PY-0001</i>
• <i>Diversity Policy</i>	<i>APC-CP-BG-PY-0002</i>
• <i>Continuous Disclosure Policy</i>	<i>APC-CP-BG-PY-0003</i>
• <i>Risk Management Policy</i>	<i>APC-CP-BG-PY-0004</i>
• <i>Performance Evaluation Policy</i>	<i>APC-CP-BG-PY-0005</i>
• <i>Anti-Bribery & Anti-Corruption Policy</i>	<i>APC-CP-BG-PY-0006</i>
• <i>Whistleblower Protection Policy</i>	<i>APC-CP-BG-PY-0007</i>
• <i>Shareholders' Communication Policy</i>	<i>APC-CP-BG-PY-0008</i>

4. LIST OF COMMITTEE MEMBERS

Membership of the three (3) corporate governance committees is outlined below:

- Audit Committee: Brett Lambert (Chair)
Cathy Moises
Natalia Streltsova
- Remuneration & Nomination Committee: Cathy Moises (Chair)
Brett Lambert
Natalia Streltsova
- Risk & Sustainability Committee: Cathy Moises (Chair)
Rhett Brans
Brett Lambert
Matt Shackleton
Natalia Streltsova

5. REVIEW OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PLAN

This Plan will be subject to an annual review. In circumstances where changes to the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth), ASX Listing Rules, ASX Recommendations or the Company's business and operations impact on the content or intent of this Plan, then a review will also be undertaken.